Titusville Morning Herald.

THE FIRST DAILY PAPER IN THE OIL REGIONS.

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J. H. COGSWELL..........Business Manager

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TUBING AND CASING.

Trade MT & Co Mark.

PASCAL IRON WORKS!

MORRIS, TASKER & CO.,

Works So. 5th and Tasker sts.,
Office 209 So. Third st.,
Philadelphia;
Office and Warehouse,
15 Gold st., New York,

Manufacturers of
LAP-WELDED
OIL WELL
TUBE & CASING,
Wrought Iron
Welded Tubes,
in and Galvanized, from 1-8 inch to 8 inch inside diameter.

Lap-Welded Boiler Tubes,

from 1¼ to 10 inches, outside diameter; in lengths 10 feet and under, made of best American Charcoal Iron.

Screwing Machines,

and a full assortment of
GAS AND STEAM FITTERS'
TOOLS AND MATERIALS.
Cast and Maleable Iron Fittings,
BRASS AND IRON BODY VALVES AND COCKS,
of all sizes from 1-8 inch to 12 inch,
Gas Works, Lamp Posts, &c.

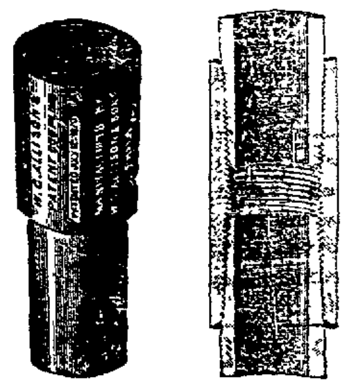
Our Oil Well Tubes are tested before leaving our works, with a pressure of 1,200 lbs. to the square inch. Each length is stamped near the screw with our trade mark—the sockets are not.
1a22-tf

W. C. ALLISON & SONS,
Office and Works
32d and Walnut Sts.,
Philadelphia.

TRADE (A) MARK.

BRANCH OFFICE
FERTIG BLOCK,
Titusville, Pa.

MANUFACTURERS OF
LAP WELDED
Tubing & Casing
Both Plain and Galvanized,
for Oil and Salt Wells,
American Charcoal
Iron Boiler Tubes,
Lap Welded Tubing for
Steam and Water.



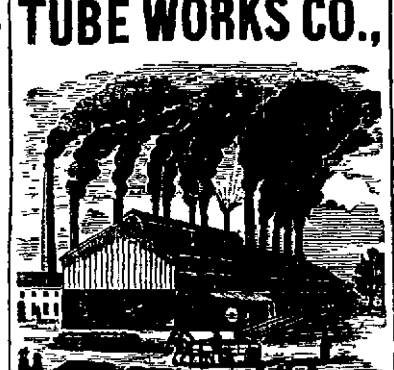
SOLE MANUFACTURERS OF
W. C. ALLISON'S
PATENT JOINT
Oil Well Tubing.

This Superior Tubing is furnished with heavy sockets, and is cut with a vanishing screw thread, corresponding exactly with the thread in the socket, so that when screwed up it has a bearing the whole length of the joint; and the absence of a deep thread on the tube at the end of the socket obviates the liability to break at that point from the vibration caused by the action of the pump.
Each length and socket is stamped with our trade mark, and is carefully tested before shipment with a hydraulic pressure of 1,300 pounds to the square inch.

W. C. ALLISON & SONS

TUBING AND CASING.

NATIONAL
TUBE WORKS CO.,



BOSTON, MASS.
MANUFACTURERS OF
LAP-WELDED OIL WELL
Tubing & Casing.

We would call the particular attention of dealers and producers to this make of Tubing and Casing. One of the important features in the manufacture of our Tubing is, that the

Lap and the Weld

are made perfectly straight, smooth and uniform, thereby giving equal and great strength to the tubing throughout.
Each joint carefully inspected, reamed at end, and proved with the sockets on at a hydraulic pressure of 1,300 pounds to the square inch before shipment.
Each length stamped with our trade mark,
Diamond "B."
nol7-tf

CRESCENT TUBE WORKS.

EVANS, DALZELL & CO.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

DEALERS WILL CALL ON

E. W. STRATTON

OFFICE:

Bryan, Dillingham & Co.'s,

Franklin Street.
jy12tf

IRON WORKS.

TITUSVILLE
NOVELTY WORKS.

Gibbs, Russell & Sterrett,
PROPRIETORS,
Titusville, Pa., and Nunda, N.Y.

MACHINISTS,
IRON FOUNDERS AND FORGERS,
BUILDERS OF
Stills, Iron Tanks, Engines and Boilers,
Dealers in
PIT PIPE, JOSEPH NASON & CO'S STEAM AND GAS FITTINGS, MORRIS TASKER & CO'S LAPWELDED CASING AND TUBING.
Manufacturers of
Drilling Tools & Steel Jars.

Repairing of all kinds done, and all kinds of Oil Well Supplies kept constantly on hand. Brass Works of every description, &c., &c.
Our extensive experience in Tank Building enables us to assure the public that work of this description entrusted to us, will be of the highest order.
Our Drilling Tools are the best manufactured in this country.
Our stock is selected with great care.
We have in our employ the best Steel Workman in this section of country.
All kinds of work WARRANTED.
Our Office and Shop is on Monroe street, near the Depot.
F. H. GIBBS, J. T. RUSSELL,
WM. B. STERRETT.
23mch-tf.

OIL OPERATORS, ATTENTION!

Blacksmith and Machine Shop

AT FOXBURG, PA.

Messrs. T. & J. Richardson have fitted a new shop at Foxburg, with steam hammers, lathes and everything required in a first-class establishment and are prepared to fill all orders for Oil Well Tools and General Jobbing.
T. RICHARDSON & CO.
Foxburg, Pa., July 15, 1871. jy196m

BROWN & STRUTHERS'
IRON WORKS,
Warren, Pa.
ENGINES,
7, 8 and 9 Inch Cylinders,
WITH LINK MOTION,
With or Without Governors.

BOILERS,
25, 20, 15, and 12 H. P.,
LOCOMOTIVE STYLE.
STATIONARY TUBULAR,
From 15 to 60 Horse Power

K. BRETT & SONS, Agents,
jy19 Room No. 2, Chase & Stewart Block.

MUSIC TEACHING.—MISS HATTIE C. BALL, at C. C. Delano's, Main Street, two doors east of Monroe, gives lessons on the Piano at her residence or that of Pupils. Particular attention paid to beginners. jel5-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

Plumbing and Gas Fitting.
The largest and cheapest stock of
GAS FIXTURES
And Plumbers' Materials in the City.

The subscriber having secured the services of practical men, both in the Plumbing and Gas Fitting branches, is now prepared to fit up

Houses and Stores with Hot and Cold Water Pipes or Gas Pipes

At reasonable rates. All work from this shop warranted. All orders left at the office of the Gas Company, on

PINE SREET, IN WITHEROP'S BLOCK,

Will be promptly attended to.
1mar-tf JOHN O'NEILE.

FARRAR & TREFT'S
STEAM ENGINE
....AND....
BOILER WORKS
OF BUFFALO.
Stationary and Portable,
On hand and for sale, delivered at any point in the oil regions.
We guarantee these Engines
Unequalled for Economy, Strength and Durability.
Our stock of BOILERS embraces both
PORTABLE and STATIONARY IN ALL SIZES.

We claim superiority in point of quality of iron and in general manufacture, and invite the inspection of oil operators.

R. C. McPHERSON,
General Agent.
Office at Mansion House, Titusville, Pa. jel-3m

J. C. HOADLEY & CO.,
LAWRENCE, MASS.,
Steam Engine and Boiler Works,

Stationary and Portable, with or without Links and Governor. Boilers made from the celebrated Monmoor iron, have been sent all over the continent, and to remote parts of the world, and have gained a good reputation for efficiency, safety, durability and economy. All engines warranted satisfactory or no sale
JOHN PICKERING, Agent,
At Goodwin's Hotel, opposite American House, Titusville, Pa. P. O. Box 261.
apr29-ly

H. L. NUSE & CO.,
IMPORTERS OF AND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
Watches, Clocks,
JEWELRY,
Spectales, Table & Pocket Cutlery
FIRE-ARMS, FISHING TACKLE,
Sterling Silver and Plated Ware.
SOLID RINGS AND JEWELRY MADE TO ORDER. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO ENGRAVING AND REPAIRING.
H. L. NUSE. C. HERMANN. F. F. NUSE.
feb3-dtf

Boston Iron Works,
JAMES SMITH, Prop'r,
OTTER STREET, NEAR J. & F. RAILROAD,
FRANKLIN, PA.,
Manufactures Oil Well Rig Irons, Casing Heads or Stuffing Boxes, Plows, and all kinds of Castings, Drilling Tools, &c.
Also sole manufacturer of the
Morahan & Roberts Patent Sand Pumps.
apr28-tf

BRANCH.

MORRIS, TASKER & CO.,
OFFICE AND STORE, 12 DIAMOND AND 27 SPRING STREET.
Warehouse Opposite Old Passenger Depot,
TITUSVILLE.

Having established a Depot for our Manufactures at this point we invite the attention of the Trade to our stock of
Lap-welded Oil-well Tube and Casing.
Brass and Iron-body Globe Valves and Cocks.
And a general assortment of
Pipe-fittings and Tools.
aul0-tf

PORTER, WICKHAM & CO.,

TITUSVILLE,

—AND—

WICKHAM BROS.,

CHURCH RUN,

SELL

BOSTON TUBING

—AND—

Boston Casing

At Lowest Rates,

MONAHAN & ROBERTS'

SAND PUMPS,

New Bedford Cables,

BELTING

—AND—

WELL FITTINGS.
apr27-tf

We respectfully call the attention of our former patrons to our advertisement in another column of this paper. We deem it sufficient to say that the Engines and Boilers manufactured by the firm we represent are *first-class in every respect*.
jy19tf K. BRETT & SONS.

IRON WORKS.

PETROLEUM IRON WORKS!

BRYAN, DILLINGHAM & CO.,

MACHINISTS,

Iron & Brass Founders, Forgers.

MANUFACTURERS OF

Engines, Boilers, Drilling Tools, Circular, Mulay and Sash Saw Mills, Pumping Rigs, Walking Beam and Band Wheel Irons,

Plows, and all kinds of Castings

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

TUBING & CASING
FOR OIL WELLS.

Stuffing Boxes, Clamps, Swivels Tongs, Brass and Iron Fittings for Steam and Gas, Working Barrels and Valves of every kind, Snow's Patent Liquid Packing Pump, with the late improvements.
In addition to the above we have in full operation a

Brass Foundry and Brass Furnishing Room,

Where we do all kinds of Brass work.

NOTE.—Especial attention is called to our

NEW BOILER'S

and its HEAVY MACHINERY for building

TANKS, STILLS, BOILERS AND MAKING ALL NECESSARY REPAIRS.

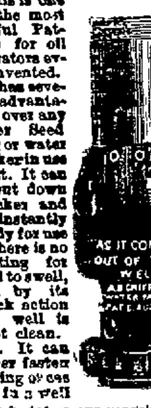
N. B.—Sole manufacturers of
Guillod's Celebrated Steel Jars, Crocker's Patent Check Valve.
and
Griffith's Patent Water Packer,
Now in general use.
dec1m. B. D. & Co

PATENT STEEL JARS.

The undersigned hereby give notice to manufacturers and parties making, selling or using Drilling Jars made of wrought iron or steel combined, that by virtue of certain assignments duly recorded at the United States Patent Office, we own the sole and absolute right, title and interest in three patents for Drilling Jars, one granted to James C. Eastman, in July, 1867, and two to Edward Guillod, in May, 1863; said patents covering all Jars made of wrought iron and steel combined, and applied substantially in the manner represented in said patents and generally known as steel jars.

Griffin's Patent
WATER PACKER!

This is one of the most useful Patents for oil operators ever invented.
It has several advantages over any other Seed Bag or water packer in use
1st. It can be put down quicker and is instantly ready for use as there is no waiting for seed to swell, and by its quick action the well is kept clean.
2d. It can never fasten tubing or casing in a well so that it cannot be taken out readily.



We have taken the Agency and Manufacture of

Ely's Patent Sucker-rod Adjuster.

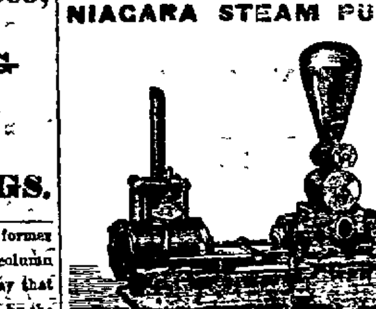
We also furnish the

Long Hook and Wood Connections, at Cost Price,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

We are also agents for the sale of the celebrated

NIAGARA STEAM PUMP.



C. BRYAN, M. H. PHILIP,
DILLINGHAM, H. N. TWOMBLY

FINANCIAL.

SECOND NATIONAL BANK
OF TITUSVILLE, PA.
Capital $200,000.
$500,000
IN GOVERNMENT BONDS
Deposited with the United States Treasurer to secure Bill Holders and Deposits.

Certificates of Deposit

Payable on Demand

Will be issued, bearing

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST

from the first of the next month after the date of the certificate.

CHARLES HYDE, President.
G. C. HYDE, Cashier.
DIRECTORS.
CHARLES HYDE, WM. M. HENDERSON
F. W. AMES, WM. C. HYDE,
WM. H. ABBOTT, P. T. WITHEROP,
J. D. ANGIER, W. B. STERRETT,
H. B. PORTER.
mchtf.

TITUSVILLE
SAVINGS BANK.

Stockholders Individually Liable.

F. W. AMES..........President
C. C. DUFFIELD..........Cashier.

DIRECTORS.
F. W. AMES, WM. H. ABBOTT
JOSHUA DOUGLASS, W. T. NEILL,
GEO. S. STEWART, WM. GARDNER,
L. H. SEVERANCE

TRANSACTS A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS. INTEREST ALLOWED ON TIME DEPOSITS.

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC EXCHANGE FOR SALE. Agent for "National" and "Anchor" Lines of Trans-Atlantic steamers. 2lmchtf

Producers' and Manufacturers'
BANK,
Titusville, Penn'a.
CAPITAL.........$100,000.
D. H. Mitchell, President.
C. A. MITCHELL, Cashier.
Stockholders Individually Liable.

Buy and sell U. S. Government Gold Coupons, collect Interest and do a general Banking business.
Have for sale all the issues of Government 5-20's, U. S. Currency 6 per cents, and 10-40 Bonds Titusville School Bonds, 8 per cent. interest.
Also Foreign Exchange on all the principal European cities.
Agent for the Inman Line of Ocean Steamers

STOCKHOLDERS:
D. D. Fletcher, Lyman Stewart, Gibbs, Russell
L. Emery, Jr., S. Q. Brown, & Co.
W. H. Abbott Granger & Co., W. S. Watson,
& Co., F. W. Andrews, Samuel Harsh,
S.H.Carpenter, R. B. Hopkins. W. J. Johnson,
G.K.Anderson, E. O. Emerson, J. W. Irwin,
Geo. S. Stewart, W.W.Thompson D. Emery,
S. P. Boyer, Jonat'n Watson L. H. Smith
Milton Stewart, D. H. Mitchell,

DIRECTORS:
Milton Stewart, D. H. Mitchell,
S. Q. Brown, D. D. Fletcher,
F. H. Gibbs, F. W. Andrews,
Jonathan Watson, L. Emery, Jr,
H. B. Porter.
SAVINGS DEPARTMENT now in operation and
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST
Allowed on Deposits.
oct3 dtf

GEO. H. BISSELL & CO.,
BANKERS,
AT PETROLEUM CENTRE, Pa., Buy and sell Exchange and Government Securities, Make Collections and do a General Banking Business. 1jctf

THE
SECOND NATIONAL BANK,
OF TITUSVILLE.

SUBSCRIPTIONS FOR THE
NEW GOVERNMENT LOAN
Will be received at this bank. INTEREST PAYABLE QUARTERLY IN COIN.
mch11-dawtf G. C. HYDE, Cashier

Improvement of Franklin Street.

Notice to Property-Holders.

TITUSVILLE, PA., July 26th, 1871.
Notice is hereby given to all persons interested that it is proposed to construct a sewer in Franklin street, from Pine street to the Oil Creek Railroad, and it is proposed to grade, curb and pave with wood the above described portion of Franklin street. The estimated cost of said sewerage for the portion of Franklin street described is $2,993.13, and the estimated cost of grading, curbing and paving the portion of Franklin street above described is $12,858.76
Those desiring it shall have a hearing on the matter of the above sewerage and grading, curbing and paving, on Wednesday evening, August 23d, 1871.
J. C. BRYAN, J. J. McCRUM, S. J. MYERS. } Street Committee.
jy27

ROMEO BERRA,
ARCHITECTURAL DECORATOR,
ARTIST IN FRESCO,
AND SCENOGRAPHER,
Executes all work in his line for
Churches, Public Halls, Theatres and Parlors,
In any desired style.
PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS AND DRAWINGS
Sent to any part of the country, free of charge. All work warranted satisfactory. Orders solicited and promptly attended to. Address,
ROMEO BERRA,
ap10-6m P. O box 163, Titusville, Pa.

PROPOSALS CALLED FOR.
Proposals will be received for furnishing LUMBER for the City of Titusville for the year 1871,
S. J. MYERS,
may5-tf Chairman Building Committee.

STONED TO DEATH!
1,000,000,000 Perches for Sale,
which are suitable for building a good solid cellar wall, and will be delivered at from 9 to 11 cents per square foot. J. S. D. CLARK,
aug3 1m Room No. 5 Commercial Block.

CITY BILL POSTING
WILL BE PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO
by leaving orders at the
apr6-ly HERALD OFFICE.

Beautiful Plants
—AT—
DOTY & CO.'S,
jy3 S. E. corner Franklin and Pine Sts.

J. W. EARLEY
Has removed his Grocery and Provision Store to the northeast corner of Spruce and Drake streets. Patronage respectfully solicited. jy11-1m

LAWYERS--NOTARIES.

REID & NEILL,
Attorneys at Law,
Office in Odd Fellows' Block, corner Franklin and Pine streets, Titusville, Pa.
B. J. REID. J. A. NEILL.
may29-dly

J. R. HARRIS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Hershberg's Block, corner Spring and Franklin streets, Titusville, Pa. may6-tf

GURDON S. BERRY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Has moved his office from Franklin street to FERTIG BLOCK,
Diamond street, corner of Martin, Titusville, Pa.
no8 dawlm

GEO. F. CHESTER,
Attorney at Law,
Office over Second National Bank,
sept29tf TITUSVILLE.

BARRY, & JOHNS,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW. Office in Chase & Stewart's Block, Titusville, Pa.
A. W. BARRY. H. C. JOHNS.

M. W. POND, JR.,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, and Real Estate Agent. Office in Shugert's Block, Spring street.
31jan-tf

GEORGE A. CHASE,
Attorney at Law,
No. 1 Second Floor,
CHASE & STEWART BLOCK,
Titusville, Pa.
ap16 tf

RAILWAYS, PATENTS, CORPORATIONS, CONTRACTS, &c.
J. C. CLAYTON.
LAW OFFICES:
NEW YORK, No. 7 Warren street.
WASHINGTON, Intelligencer Building.
LONDON, No 8 Southampton Building.
Refers by permission to Henry Harley, Esq. iy24tf

JOEL N. ANGIER,
NOTARY PUBLIC,
will attend to the drawing of Contracts, Leases, Deeds, Letters of Attorney; drawing and taking of Affidavits and Acknowledgments of Deeds and other matters of record, good in any State of the Union, at the old Brewer and Watson office, Pine street. mh23tf

ANDREW B. HOWLAND,
NOTARY PUBLIC.
Office over Second National Bank, Titusville, Pa.

ARCHITECTS.

A. B. HOWLAND,
Civil Engineer and City Surveyor.
Office over Second National Bank.
TITUSVILLE, PA.
Having completed the survey and location of the several streets in the city under the authority of the City Council, I am now prepared to locate and define the boundaries of any lots therein. Surveys of lots will be made promptly and on reasonable terms.
1decff.

WM. VON ULRICH,
Architect and Civil Engineer,
Office First Floor, Odd Fellows Block,
Franklin St., Titusville, Pa.,
Will execute drawings, plans and specifications for Churches, School Houses and Public and Private Buildings of every description. Also, Water Works, etc., and superintends their construction.
no14 dtf

HIRAM SMITH,
ARCHITECT,
Furnishes Designs and Specifications for
Public and Private Buildings,
Office over Sherman's Headquarters, Corner Spring and Franklin streets,
Titusville, Penn'a.
may17-tf

DENTISTS.

LUCE, DOWNES & COMER,
Surgeon Dentists,
Corner Spring and Franklin streets, over Savings Bank. Office hours from 7 a. m. to 6 p. m.
GEO. J. LUCE,
J. H. DOWNES,
feb2-dly FRANK R. W. COMER.

WM. M. COOMBS, DENTIST,
No. 61 West Spring street, Titusville, Pa. All work warranted Prices moderate. Office open day and night. Business hours—8 a. m. to 5 p. m.

N. L. WILLARD, Dentist, No. 3 Fletcher's Block, over Allen's Drug Store. Office open day and night. Business hours from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. mh23tf

DOCTOR BENDER,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Office in McCormick's Livery Stable, opposite Abbott House.
N. B.—Stock visited without delay, night or day.
my23-6m

HOTELS.

ABBOTT HOUSE,
FORMERLY CRITTENDEN HOUSE,
TITUSVILLE, PA.
NEWLY REFITTED AND REFURNISHED.
Now open to the Traveling Public.
GOOD SAMPLE ROOMS ON FIRST FLOOR.
CHAS. S. MATHEWS.
jy12dtf

BROWN'S HOTEL,
AT MILLER FARM, PA.,
Just opened. New and complete throughout Extra accommodations for transient and permanent guests. J. O'NEIL,
mar17-tf Proprietor.

EXCHANGE HOTEL.
FRANKLIN, PA.
SAMUEL M. MILLS, Proprietor.
(Formerly of Titusville.)
The largest and best hotel in the oil region.
27may-tf

C. C. WILLARD,
EBBITT HOUSE!
WASHINGTON, D. C.
Guests will find this paper on file in the Reading Rooms. mch4-dly

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.
Notice is hereby given that E. D. Clark and F. T. Clark have this day formed a Co-Partnership under the firm name of E. D. Clark & Co, for carrying on the Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper manufacturing business in Titusville, Pa.
E. D. CLARK, F. T. CLARK.
August 15, 1871. 15-3w

B. W. MURRAY,
Insurance and Foreign Exchange Agent, Accountant and Collector.
Policies and Accident Tickets issued promptly in reliable Companies.
Passage Tickets in Inman Line of Steamers, and Drafts on Europe.
Office with Coutant & Webster, Parshall Block. july-tf.

FELT The cheapest, best and most durable non-conductor known, for covering Ice Houses, Refrigerators, Water and Steam Pipes, Boilers, etc. Manufactured by the BOILER FELTING WORKS, 46 Courtland st., New York.

Titusville Morning Herald.

The Finances.

From the New York Tribune.

Mr. Boutwell is fortunate in his enemies. There is not an unchanged enemy in the Union—not one who wishes Gettysburg and Vicksburg and Appomattox had gone the other way—who does not improve every opportunity to disparage and belittle his achievements. "What if he has paid off over two hundred millions of the national debt? the money came into the treasury, and he couldn't help paying debt with it." Why, gentlemen, money has come into other treasuries, yet no debts have been paid with it unless it be the private debts of the financiers. It is something that Mr. Boutwell has vigilantly guarded the Federal Treasury, and applied every dime of receipts, first, to the payment of current expenses; next, to the liquidation of the national debt.

Having reduced the principal largely and steadily, Mr. Boutwell is trying hard to reduce the interest on what remains unpaid, by funding the five-twenties, now redeemable and drawing six per cent. interest, in new bonds drawing lesser rates of interest. Suppose he could succeed in this, and reduce the average rate of interest barely one per cent.—the amount thus saved would pay off the entire principal of the debt in less than half a century. Ought not every patriot to wish him well not merely, but to render him all possible support to his arduous undertaking? Every dime he thus saves inures to the benefit of the whole American people.

Mr. Boutwell has practically effected the conversion of two hundred millions of our five-twenty sixes into ten-year fives—an operation which reduces the burden of the national debt by two millions of dollars per annum. He does this at a time when France is borrowing all she can get on fives at a heavy discount; her loans of course coming right in the way of ours. There are not three governments in Europe that could sell two hundred millions of ten year fives at par. And remember that our national debt is still considerably over two thousand millions, and that we have a great party in the country which, through a resolve of its last National Convention, stands pledged to swindle our bondholders out of at least half their honest due. Mr. Boutwell has succeeded in funding his first two hundred millions, in spite of Tory hostility in Europe and Copperhead malignity at home. And now, if he will withdraw all the loans at present authorized except the four per cent. and obtain from Congress power to sell one thousand to fifteen hundred millions of that, having thirty, forty, or fifty years to run, at not more than six per cent. below par, we are confident that he may save enough in interest to pay off the entire debt, including the discount on his bonds, within the next forty years. Let him stipulate that the two per cent. thus saved in interest shall be sacredly devoted to buying up and canceling the principal of this loan provided it can be bought at or below par: let the interest be paid quarterly, and in London, Amsterdam, or Frankfort if desired, without tax or deduction of any kind, and we are confident that some great banking house would take the entire loan at 95, and that it would rise to par within five years and within two per cent. of it within one year after it had been placed. We can thus pay the last dime of our debt within forty years, yet take off fifty millions of taxes next winter and fifty more within three years thereafter.

Such is the modified plan of funding the debt which we hope to see adopted soon. But, whether it shall or shall not be, we shall give a hearty suppore to Secretary Boutwell's efforts to reduce both principal and interest of the debt, for we know that he is honestly and earnestly doing his very best.

Fruit Stains.

Now that the berries and fruits of all kinds are in season, the housekeeper will find it necessary to look carefully after the stains. They are easily removed if attended to at once, but if left to dry for a day or two it will be more difficult work. Stretch the stained spot tightly over a deep bowl or pail, and pour over it boiling hot water, letting it filter through till the stain disappears. The water must be really boiling, not simply scalding. If the article has been thrown into suds before looking after the stains, the hot water will not destroy them. In that case wet the stain, and while wet spread over the spot some chloride of lime, lay the piece on the grass or hang on the clothes line where the sun will strike through for a few minutes, and then wash and boil immediately. This is sure, but should be used with care and judgment, or it will eat the cloth; but with proper oversight it is safe and reliable. Chloride of lime is largely used in bleaching linen, cotton and silk in the different manufactures. In former times the chlorine or oxegenated muriatic gas was used in bleaching, but its effect on the lungs of the workmen was very injurious. Since chloride of lime has been used instead of chlorine it is considered safe for those employed in factories and harmless in its effects on the goods bleached. In pickling, paring, or preserving the hands get badly stained. Rub them in lemon juice; wet your nail brush in the juice and carefully brush your nails and hands; this will remove the stains effectually. A "bleaching liquid," prepared from chloride of lime, is very effectual in removing all stains except those made by grease. Put four ounces of chloride of lime into a wide-mouthed quart bottle, add a little water and stir well with a stick, then fill the bottle nearly full with water, and let it stand, corked, for two weeks, that the chloride may dissolve. During this time some gas will be disengaged, and to prevent explosion or driving out the cork it will be well twice a day to remove the cork for an instant only, and as the gas has an extremly offensive smell it is important that care should be taken not to inhale it, as it is injurious to the lungs; diffused through the apartment in small quantity it is not hurtful. After standing two weeks the clear solution should be poured off and kept in a well corked bottle in a dark place, with paper wrapped around the bottle, as light and air injure its properties. This bleaching fluid should be kept in every family, but servants ought not to be allowed to use it indiscreetly. If ink is spilled on clothes or carpet do not allow it to dry, but as speedily as possible get cotton-batting, and wetting it in sweet milk, and if used when the ink is fresh it will soon remove it. This done, wash in warm water, soap suds, and rinse in clear warm water.—*Mrs. H. W. Beecher, in Christian Union*

Nast, the Artist.

Thomas Nast is a Bavarian by birth, having been born in Landau, a city of that province, in 1840. He was the son of a musician in the Bavarian army, who, when his son was six years of age, emigrated to this country and settled in New York. The family was poor, but, with true German thrift and industry, the father managed to maintain his family respectably and to give the boy Thomas a good English education. While yet a child, Thomas evinced a marked talent for drawing, and at the age of fifteen had advanced so far in his art that his sketches were eagerly accepted by an illustrated paper. From this period he worked almost day and night for three years, during which time he nearly ruined his sight and health, but saved money enough to afford him a tour through the art cities of Europe. He went abroad in 1860, and returning soon after became strongly imbued with the spirit of patriotism. His first painting after his return was a scene from Sherman's march to the sea, entitled "The Union Advance Arriving at a Plantation." This was painted in 1865, and was followed soon after by a still more pretentious work representing the march of the 7th Regiment down Broadway upon the occasion of its leaving for Washington in 1861. In 1866 Mr. Nast first appeared as an artist of the grotesque, in a series of satires on the *bal d'opera*, which had a great run and made him immediately famous. From that moment his field was chosen, and he has since been known as a draughtsman of humorous and satirical cartoons for the illustrated papers. The Harpers saw the worth of the man, and his fame is now identical with that of *Harpers' Weekly*, the journal which to-day enjoys the hatred of the Irish Catholics, the Tammany robbers, and the Democratic party in general, to a degree which no other American newspaper has yet attained.

Disreputable Picnics in New York.

FEARFUL DEBAUCHERY—NIGHT SCENES ON THE CARS.

From the New York Tribune.

The present is the favorite season for holding pic nics. At the various landing places great double-decked barges call at stated hours, and go on increasing their cargoes of humanity at every pier, till not a square inch of standing room is left, and the band is so crowded that they have scarcely sufficient elbow room to handle their instruments. But the outward voyage is nothing compared to the rowdyism and indecency of the return. On the beach crowds of men and women bathe together after a fashion highly reprehensible, and vulgar actions and gestures, low jokes and ribaldry, pave the way for still greater freedom after the clam-bake has been washed down with over-much beer and whisky. The return home after such an excursion may be easily imagined. Excited women are insulted, or sometimes fancy they are, by some drunken man; their still more drunken protector or escort interferes, pistols are hastily drawn, and, unless the captain of the barge is a man of nerve and command, a free fight is soon precipitated. At the various picnic gardens in the upper part of the city the state of things is far worse. The crowd is disseminated through the woods, and the entertainment is continued long after dark. The proprietors of these places never ask for any sufficient force of police to keep order. Order is just what they do not want. Disorder, which, of course, implies drunkenness, is the source of all their profit. The police would not allow them to serve with drinks men who are already intoxicated; and it is they who are the best customers. They drink themselves, treat others, and never count their change. Thus one or two policemen lounge around the dancing platform or the door of the bar-room, and, beyond taking a bribe from the proprietor and drinking his filthy whisky, do nothing. But there are features of these garden picnics which are far more horrible. The woods surrounding the dancing platform and dining-rooms are admirable covers for crime. It has not unfrequently happened that men who have attended these picnics have never been seen alive again. It still more frequently happens that young girls, inflamed with beer and spirits, are decoyed out into these woods and outraged, their cries unheard in the clash of the band, their ill-usage concealed for very shame and terror, but to such there remains the sense of indiscretion and a certain inward feeling of degradation and loss of self-respect which too often leads them on the downward path and they soon recklessly join the company of lost sisters.

Only last week a reporter overheard two ruffians at these gardens planning the destruction of two respectable looking young girls of the working class, who were evidently strangers to them. On the dancing platform they succeeded in getting into conversation with the girls, dancing with them, persuaded them to drink several times, and then, when the liquor was beginning to tell on them, proposed a walk through the grounds. The girls consented to take a stroll, and the reporter, who had all the while been watching the party, at once went in search of a policeman. He could not find one. He then started through the grounds, determined, if possible, to save the young women. He was too late. When he again encountered them, there was little doubt that the scoundrels had succeeded in carrying out their villainous intentions.

Only two nights previous the same place, Sultzer's East River Park, was the scene of a similar outrage. The young daughter of highly respectable parents, residing in West Forty-fifth street, was persuaded by a man to attend a picnic under his escort. Late in the evening the poor girl, after being well and artfully plied with intoxicating drinks, was induced by him to leave the dancers and to take a walk in the park. There she was at the villain's mercy. He outraged her and then left her to find her way home as best she could. On the evening of the 10th inst., the annual picnic of the Female Parasol and Umbrella Makers' Union was held at Lion Park, at 110th street and Eighth avenue. About 6,000 persons were present on the dancing platform. With the exception of two personal encounters, tolerable order prevailed, but the grounds, according to an eye-witness, were the scenes of debauchery without parallel. Men and women seemed to have forgotten that there is such a word as decency, and gave the rein to unbridled passion, without the slightest effort at concealment. Nor was there the slightest attempt at interference on the part of the police.

Every night, about 12 o'clock, the street cars on the Third and Eighth avenue lines are crowded by people returning from these scenes, all more or less in a state of intoxication. Obscene songs, filthy language, oaths, curses, and threats, from both men and women, whose maudlin aspect and disordered and torn dresses render the scene still more hideous, compel respectable people to leave the cars. The conductors never interfere unless a fight begins or a pistol or a knife is drawn. And then they are either afraid or unwilling to put the brawlers off the cars. A few nights ago an altercation ensued on a Third avenue car between a young rough and an old gentleman who remonstrated with him on his behaviour. The gang drove the old man out of the car and followed him, one of their number drawing a pistol and swearing that he would shoot him. Very recently four drunken young ruffians were arrested for attempting to remove some of the underclothing of two girls, while riding on the same line of cars. They were returning from a picnic, where the girls had become so intoxicated as to be lost to all sense of decency.

About Mad Dogs.

From the English Magazine.

It is very difficult, in the earlier stages, to know whether a dog be mad or not; but in all cases of doubt, kill the poor thing at once; it may save him much suffering and you from the harrowing reflection that some human being has been bitten through your neglect. Madness is not always traceable to a dog having been bitten; it sometimes comes on spontaneously. A friend of mine once owned a favorite terrier, which had recently littered five puppies, and as she was kept constantly in his garden, she could not possibly have been bitten for some considerable time But she suddenly showed unmistakable symptoms of madness, and ran up and down the garden with the saliva flying from her jaws, and her head twitching from side to side, as the heads of all mad dogs do. This arises from the convulsive action of the muscles of the throat and neck, which invariably characterizes hydrophobia—in human beings, unhappily, as well as in quadrupeds—and the imitation of which makes poisoning by strychnine so painful to endure and so horrible to see. Luckily, my friend was the first to notice her, and his first care was to close the doors and order no one to go into the garden.

I have known a child's arm torn and bitten to the bone by a dog outrageously rabid, and the child did not suffer more than it would have done from any other injury of equal extent. There have been frequent instances where a dog has bitten a great number of human beings, and one has gone mad while the rest have escaped; on the other hand, I have also known a very slight puncture, not suspected of being rabid, bring on the most deadly madness. The treatment of hydrophobia is just as unsettled as is the action of the disease itself.

As a rule a mad dog will not go out of its way to bite you. It pursues a straight course, snapping at every living object which it meets. A friend of mine once passed on a lonely road, within a couple of feet of a dog which struck him as having something strange in his aspect and movements; fifty yards farther on he encountered two men with guns, who asked him if he had seen a dog, and on being answered that he had, and where, told him to thank God for his escape; for that very brute was raving mad, and had bitten at least a dozen animals and two or three men and children that morning. My informant almost fainted with the shock which this intelligence communicated, and was greatly relieved to hear the report of a gun directly afterward, telling that the career of the mad dog was ended.

Is Man Descended from the Monkey.

This question, raised by the celebrated philosopher, Mr. Darwin, has come up from a new point of view. Si Slocum, of the *Leader*, has been interviewing a celebrated and distinguished monkey of the baboon species, on the "descent of man" He (the baboon) got his back up immediately—was very indignant. He gave Darwin "fits," and denounced him as a base libeler of his race. "What do you take us for?" he asked. "Take Greeley, with his most outrageous and ridiculous farming theories and general unaccountableness, not to say cussedness—do you for a moment imagine that one drop of the blue blood of the ape, the gorilla, the orang-outang flows in his veins?—Perish the thought! There's Train — pshaw!" The baboon dismissed George Francis with this contemptuous exclamation.

"Take man—hold him up to view. What is he? A fraud. His institutions—examine them. What are they? Humbugs. His professions and practices—they are false and monstrous. His general administration of things, outrageous is it not? And let me ask you, sir, if monkeys' inhumanity to monkeys makes countless thousands mourn, as does man's? No sir-e-e. Does the monkey imprison for debt? imprison poor witnesses, or the unfortunate victims of rascals and ruffians in houses of detention, and let the scoundrel go free? Does he flog children in school, club drunken men, and thrust them into cells to die? In short, can the monkey be charged with doing any of the hundred and one outrageous and cruel things that outrageous and cruel man delights in? No, sir, he is no such man—no such monkey, I mean.

"Are monkeys so demented as to light their dwellings with liquid death in the shape of 'non-explosive fluids?' Not much, when they can get pine torches. Do monkeys conspire to get up 'corners' and things? Never! Do monkeys fool away their time in searching for a Northwest passage, which, when found, will be of no account? Indeed they do not.

"No, sir," he continued loftily "our people (how was that for high?) would not be guilty of the absurdities, ridiculousities, damphooleries, and monstrosities that characterize your people; and as their blood does not deteriorate, they could not beget a race that would cut up as your folks do—out of the question, sir, out of the question. We are a pure race; yours is fearfully and wonderfully adulterated. If we ape you at times, it is only that you may see yourselves as others see you, sir. You live in pretentious dwellings, and are all artificiality; we live in places not made by hands, and are all naturalness.

"Sir, I am now engaged upon a work," he continued, drawing himself up to his full height, "which will prove him to be a liar and villian! Pardon me, sir, if in the heat of the moment I have made use of the approbrious terms so often emanating from one of your great philosophers. I do not often so far forget myself, but Darwin stirred the depths of my heart and roused the blood in my veins, the libeler."

"No doubt that it will be a great work," we remarked, as the roused baboon concluded. "When may we look for it, sir?" we asked with great interest.

"In about three months," he remarked. "But do you know," he continued, "that all over the world, wherever our race exists, there are to be held simultaneous mass and indignation meetings on the 4th of July, the great central meeting to come off in Africa, at which meeting Darwin will be denounced as a base libeler, and effectually squelched; man shown up in his true colors, and the monkey's status and pure blood, which never deteriorates, vindicated triumphantly and forever established! We will show all creation and the 'balance of the world' what man is and what the monkey."

The baboon looked proud, he did, and his haughty lip curled with disdain. Of course, we don't know about these indignation meetings to be held, and told him so, and at the same time asked him why he condescended to mingle with the race he so despised. "My dear fellow, why is this thus?" we asked, and patted him on the shoulder. He stepped back, brushed his contaminated shoulder, and with freezing dignity said. "Not any familiarity, if you please, sir!"

A mental "whew!" and we wilted, and waited further developments.

"I'll tell you why," he said at length. "It is not to learn anything from man, but to show him what I know about bare-back riding. I have a pride in this direction similar to Horace Greeley's in the direction of agriculture. He knows a heap about farming—he thinks—and, wishing all the world to know what he knows about farming, takes the means he does to inform the world. He is a theorist, however, while I am a practicalist, if you will permit the word. But it is about time for rehearsal, and I must be going."

"Then you won't admit for a moment that the monkey was man's progenitor, according to Darwin?"

"Sir!" he uttered loftily and indignantly.

"You teetotally deny the soft impeachment, do you?"

The baboon gave us a withering look and walked off, not thinking it worth while to reply—he was too indignant.

Reader, we think Darwin has put his foot in it. Man is as mad as the mischief with him, and the monkey is terribly exercised and 'down on' him. Between the two fires, we are willing he should fight it out if it takes a lifetime. As for us, we don't know whether Darwin is correct and the baboon wrong, or baboon wrong and Darwin correct. You have your own views, probably.

The Freaks of the Dice.

There was a raffle at the Galt House in Cincinnati last week. Captain Frank Harris had put up a span of horses valued at $1,500, and Mr. Kearsley Carter a diamond pin valued at $4,200. There were two hundred and sixty chances. The highest number was to take the horses and the lowest number the pin. The third one of the two hundred and sixty who were to try their hands was Captain Ike Shultz, and he threw forty-four. This was pretty good, but considering that there were two hundred and fifty-seven chances to beat it, Captain S. thought he had better make the best of a pretty good thing, and sold his throw to Captain Carter for one hundred dollars. The raffle was proceeded with, and 25, 30, 40, 37, 33, etc., were thrown. Colonel Jilson Johnson as proxy for some one stepped up and threw 43, but still the 44 stood. It was now approaching the end. Two hundred and fifty-six throws had been made and 44 had not been beaten when a strange gentleman stepped up as his number, "257," was called, and threw 44, tieing Captain Carter. The remaining three throws were made, and the raffle was ended, when it was found that Captain Harris, who put up the horses, had won the pin, and Captain Carter, who put up the pin, had tied a gentleman for the horses. The decisive throw was not made yesterday, and the matter stands in *statu quo*. Either Captain Carter will buy the stranger out, or the stranger buy him out. Captain C has already offered him $300 for his interest.

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Commissioner Delano's Speech at Sandusky, Ohio.

SANDUSKY, O., Aug. 24.

The campaign was opened here to-day by the Republicans, the chief feature of the occasion being the speech by Hon. Columbus Delano, Secretary of the Interior. Excepting the introduction, which eulogized the Republican party and criticized the new departure of the Democracy, the speech was devoted to an exposition of the work of the present administration in the way of collecting the revenue and reducing taxation. A striking contrast was drawn with what was done under the Johnson administration. The present administration found the public credit impaired by the dishonesty and incapacity which prevaded public service, and the public debt was rather increasing than diminishing, with a reduction of receipts from internal taxation. How was the failing credit of the government to be repaired, its current expenses met, and the debt reduced in face of this discouraging condition. This serious and embarrassing question could only be solved by an energetic enforcement of the laws and faithful application of moneys collected to public liabilities, and it was done. During the first twelve months of the administration the receipts from internal revenue were $177,457,718 27, and expenditures during the first fiscal year $135,235,867.97. Notwithstanding the reduction already stated the amount of receipts from internal revenue sources on this basis would have been $265,285,867 97. The tax on spirits during the fiscal year of 1868 of the last administration yielded only eighteen million dollars. The first year of the present administration there was collected and paid into the treasury from the same source fifty-five million dollars, an increase of thirty-seven millions, and this on a reduction of seventy-five per cent. of the rate to be collected. Thus the seventy-eight millions exempted from articles previously taxed has been recovered and its loss counterbalanced by faithfully enforcing the revenue laws and honestly accounting for the money collected. Observe further, that in 1868, in the last administration, the expenses of the Internal Revenue Bureau were $8,387,793.17, while for the first fiscal year of this administration the same expenses were reduced to $5,916,410.20, making a gross reduction of the cost of collecting the revenue of $2,471,382.

Mr. Delano also showed that there had been a net gain in the revenue from customs for the first two years of the present administration over the last two years of the last administration of fifty-nine million nine hundred and twenty-six thousand dollars, and an increase of revenue during the same time of eighty-four million nine hundred and ninety-four thousand dollars, a tolerably handsome saving. To fully see the force of this comparison, it should be remembered that the rate of taxation has been reduced by law during the last two years, affecting gross receipts eighty millions of dollars. The expenditures from March 1st, 1867, to March 1st, 1869, were a little over four hundred and fifty million dollars; from March 1st, 1869, to March 1st, 1871, a little over three hundred and twenty-three millions, showing a decrease in favor of the present administration of over one hundred and twenty-six millions of dollars. This great work in economy, of which, he said, the Republican party and Grant's administration may be proud, has been accomplished by strictly enforcing the laws and reducing public expenditure.

The Secretary then proceeded to illustrate the effect of this management upon the public credit. He gave quotations of gold and bonds at different periods, showing the steady appreciation of American securities. This highly gratifying condition of the national finances he then contrasted with the example of the Democratic financiering in New York city. On this subject he said: In this elysium of Democracy it is understood that systematic and magnificent plans have been fostered for securing a national triumph at the next election. It is believed that these plans embrace the raising of large sums of money there which, being expeditiously used, will enable Tammany Hall to control the Democratic nominations and secure the election; that conclusive proof of this corrupt scheme should be so early presented to the people was not expected, and but for the courage and integrity of an able and prominent public journalist of New York in exposing the plan it could hardly have been realized. This scheme contemplates the expenditure by the city officials of large sums of money, ostensibly for work (never done) as well as enormous amounts for jobs actually refuted. From the amounts thus corruptly disbursed, contractors are to contribute with corresponding munificence to the Tammany fund for the purposes of the next Presidential election. Here is the motive for these enormous and unparalleled frauds, without which it is difficult to understand how such gross dishonesty could have been perpetrated. With this key, observe the fact, the monstrous fact, that the debt of New York city increased in twenty-eight months fifty millions of dollars. This example ought to be sufficient. It illustrates the venality, peculation and political prostitution which cover the Tammany Democracy and render its moral atmosphere and presence obnoxious and infamous. Here was paid a larger sum for repairs and carpets and furniture for county offices than the present administration paid in the same year for mail transportation throughout the United States, nearly three times as much as the entire diplomatic expenses for two years past, as much as the yearly cost of collecting the customs revenue, more than all the miscellaneous expenditures of the Interior Department for either year of the present administration, and more than the entire annual expense of the Indian Bureau. A larger sum was paid in eleven months for plastering than the entire expense of the United States for foreign intercourse during the present administration, and more for plumbing and gas fitting in one year than the expense attending all the public buildings and grounds in Washington city. There was paid more money to three men for such expenditure in one year than was paid for the collection of the entire internal revenue of the country in any year of the present administration, more than double the expense of the United States courts for two years, and more than all the expenses of the fortification.s With such a policy as this transferred to Washington the Democratic clamor, that the national debt must not be paid off now, would be found full of meaning and full of danger. The public credit would fall and distrust of all public securities be openly avowed, and the government could not long survive such management.

Passing next to the consideration of the public debt, he said: Hitherto it has been the policy of the Republican party to reduce the public debt as rapidly as the prosperity of the people and financial interests of the country would permit. I believe this to be a wise policy and hope to see it continued. The general government has wrought to this end steadily and persistently with the results already shown. It ought to be added that the annual saving of interest on the debt reduced and paid is twelve millions of dollars. This reduction has not been made by the aid of additional taxes, but under a large repeal of taxes. If the fidelity, integrity and economy of the administration enable Congress to make still further reduction in the rate of taxation and exempt a still larger list of objects, it ought to be done, if it can be done without impairing the public credit at home and abroad, and without embarrassing the regular and necessary operations of the government. I know there are some good Republicans who have serious doubts as to the policy of reducing the debt so rapidly during the present generation. I have shown that the reduction already made was from money saved by the economy and vigilance of the present administration. Thus far no one certainly ought to object to the continuance of such terms; but if we stop reducing the debt because we say the next generation will be so much more able to pay it and therefore leave it to them, that generation will in all probability be quite as willing to adopt our example, and leave it to their children, and so it may be postponed from one generation to the next until in the end disasters may overtake the nation before the debt is provided for, our public credit will thus be seriously impaired and our prospects of funding the debt at a lower rate of interest utterly overthrown.

After showing that the Indian policy of the present administration was more economical than that pursued by the preceeding administrations. Mr. D. then reviewed the serious and difficult questions at issue between this country and foreign nations, dwelling more particularly on our critical relations with Great Britan. He gave a short history of the negotiations for the settlement of these questions, including the much vexed question of the Alabama claims. In connection with this subject he said an unsatisfactory adjustment of these difficulties had been attempted during the last days, and amid the expiring embers, as it were, of the last administration, the results of which were so distasteful that they were at once repudiated by President Grant, by the Senate and by the people. This first resolute announcement by the President of the attitude of this government toward England was, I think, the cause of our subsequently successful negotiations. There was no threatening, no blustering, but an expression of determination to insist upon our rights. This also came from one known to have fixed purposes and a fearless character. Here we paused and Great Britain reflected, and reflection led to advancements by England, ending finally in a treaty which I think is one of the noblest achievements of diplomacy that has ever been accomplished by this government.

In the matter of the late negotiations for the annexation of San Domingo, the Secretary explained many facts hitherto not generally known, which reflect credit upon the President and presents the San Domingo question in a light very different from that in which it has recently been brought before the country. He said: This imperfect review of the foreign policy and acts of the administration would be incomplete were it not made to include the San Domingo question, concerning which so much has been said and written abusive of the administration. Every effort seems to have been made to induce the belief that the scheme for the annexation of the Dominican part of the Island of Hayti, or the acquisition of the Bay and Peninsula of Samana originated with General Grant, and that he had used undue means to effect those objects. A greater blunder has not been committed, and I wish to show the exact process by which the question was brought to this present status. It is a matter of history that as long ago as 1845, during the administration of Mr. Tyler, an agent was sent to Hayti to examine the Bay of Samana, and the adjacent portion of the island, with a view to obtain a foothold there for a naval station. Again, during the administration of Mr. Polk, in 1846, Lieutenant D. D. Porter, now Admiral, examined the island for the same purpose, and made a favorable report. Also during the administration of Mr. Pierce, Captain George B. McClellan made a similar survey for the same purpose, and returned a favorable report. At this time, and for some years following, the representatives of Spain, Great Britain, and France opposed requisition by the United States of any rights in the island, threatening the people there with direct punishment if they did not at once forego such negotiations. It was of the utmost importance to Spain to obtain exclusive control of the territory of San Domingo, with the Bay and Peninsula, as it would give her absolute control of the entrance to the Carribean Sea, with all the immense political and military advantages which would result therefrom, but she was compelled to abandon her efforts. In August, 1865, a provisional government was formed, and in the coming year negotiations were resumed with the United States. In January, 1867, the Assistant Secretary of State was sent out as a special agent, attended by Rear Admiral Porter, and invested with ample power to conclude a convention, subject to ratification by the Senate, for the cession or lease of the Bay and Peninsula of Samana, provided it should be found to offer the advantages which were sought. Owing to a provision in the Dominican constitution, that government could not consent to an absolute sale of territory, but offered a lease, upon the details of which the parties failed to agree. President Johnson, unwilling to relinquish the project, directed our commercial agent there to accept the terms for a lease, which had been rejected by the former agent. No progress being made by the agent for some months, his instructions were revoked. Later in the same year, 1867, it was announced that the two powers in the island had entered into a treaty not to alienate any portion of their territory. This was subsequently found to be an error, but it had the effect to put a stop to our negotiations for a time. Again, however, in November, 1867, the Dominican Government sought to renew the negotiations and they were pending in March, 1868, at the time of the downfall of Cabrial and the restoration of Baez. This termination of our negotiations gave rise to great solicitude on the part of some of our leading men, the distinguished Massachusetts Senator among them, lest some European power should obtain possession of the bay, the great importance of which was then conceded by all men who had studied the subject. In December, 1868, the government of Baez opened negotiations with the United States for the annexation of the island and the entire unanimity of the people was assured. This was the situation of the San Domingo question when Grant was inaugurated. In June, 1869, he appointed Mr. Hunt, of Philadelphia, agent, a man thoroughly acquainted with Hayti, to visit the island and make a report upon its resources and the condition of its population. Mr. Hunt accepted the appointment, but was prevented from sailing by a severe attack of illness, and General Babcock, of the army, was appointed in his stead. Under the instructions given him the latter concluded a treaty for the annexation of the San Domingo territory, and as an alternative a convention for the lease of the bay and peninsula of Samana. The terms of the treaty required a ratification by the citizens of that country, which was given with great unanimity. This treaty, it will be remembered, did not receive the ratification of the Senate and Congress, for the lease of the Bay and Peninsula of Samana is still pending. On the 12th of January, 1871, under the authority of a joint resolution of Congress, the President appointed a commission to visit the Island of Hayti and make reports of its condition, resources, etc. The selection of this commission was such as to fully satisfy the entire community, and their report more than corroborated everything the President said in relation to that country. It was elaborate, thorough and able, setting forth in minute detail everything of interest or importance in relation to the island and its people. At this point, the subject having passed beyond the control of the President, he transmitted the entire question to the Senate, using in his message the following language: "And now my task is finished, and with it ends all personal solicitude upon the subject. My duty being done, yours begins, and I gladly hand over the whole matter to the judgment of the American people and of their representatives in Congress assembled. The facts will now be spread before the country and a decision rendered by that tribunal, whose conventions so seldom err, and against whose will I have no policy to enforce."

Mr. Delano concluded with an appeal to the Republicans to relax no effort to secure the completion of the noble works undertaken by the Republican party, and prevent the government from falling under the reckless and extravagant control of Tammany politicians. He said: All important consideration is gotten together, and demand that you neither sleep upon guard nor surrender to the foe. You will realize this. Continue active, advance your picket defenses, close upon the enemy and invade his lines whenever strength or strategy shall warrant success, so you shall conquer again and hold for yourselves the country and the public trust which treason and rebellion cast upon you. You can then look proudly back to what your valor has accomplished and look forward with hope to the progress of civilization, the happiness of future posterity, and the present glory of the nation.

The Buffenburger Case.

COLUMBUS, O., August 24.

The first witness examined to-day in the Buffenbarger case was John Holmes, a school teacher. He had boarded at Buffenbarger's home, and on two occasions saw Colburn there. Colburn and Buffenbarger seemed intimate.

Wm. Jones testified that he saw Colburn at Buffenbarger's house twice, and thought he saw him a third time, in the dusk of the evening, going around the stable, about three months before Buffenbarger's death. Three years before Buffenbarger's death witness sold 680 acres of land to him. He suggested to Buffenbarger that he deed the land to his wife, now Mrs. Colburn. Buffenbarger replied, "Ann has been a good woman to me and and I think it is my duty."

Alfred Stroup, sworn: He used to visit the residence of Mrs. Colburn's father, to see the girls. On one occasion Mrs. Colburn asked him what he thought of old Buffenbarger. He said he was a pretty good old fellow. She said if she wanted him she could have him, and then asked him how long the old man would live. He responded that he would probably live ten years. She replied, that's the devil of it. The witness in reply to questions on cross examination was singularly forgetful in regard to dates, places and persons relating to the alleged conversation sworn to on the direct examination.

Mrs. Ella Haines said she had been employed on the farm to make a black silk dress, which was not trimmed like a mourning dress. On the cross examination Mrs. Haines said that the dress was trimmed with black lace, not crape, and was not cut like a mourning dress.

At this point the prosecution called for a decision on the motion to exhume the remains of Buffenbarger. The justice decided that all the testimony for the prosecution should be submitted before the motion would be passed on.

Washington News.

WASHINGTON, August 24.

A short time after the wreck of the steamship Golden Rule, the safe belonging to the United States Treasury was found and forwarded here, where it was examined by the Department machinist, who reported that it did not bear marks or evidence of having been forced open by the use of instruments, but could have been and probably was broken open by being violently thrown from side to side of the hold of the vessel, and among the rocks after the vessel broke up. No part of the money contained in the safe was ever recovered, and notwithstanding the utmost efforts of the Department through detectives and others for more than three years nothing has been discovered casting suspicion on the officers or crew of the vessel, nor on those employed on the wrecking vessel. It is now over six years since the Golden Rule was wrecked, and notes contained in the safe are past due, three or more years, and no trace has been found of their existence.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has decided not to allow the claim made by the Bank of Kentucky for refunding of taxes paid. The claim for refunding was on the ground that the State owned a large amount of stock in the bank.

New York News.

NEW YORK, August 24.

The Tennessee Press Association arrived here to day.

The promised accounts of the Comptroller's office will make a volume of about eight hundred pages.

About $1,200 has been collected in Jersey City to aid the sufferers by the recent explosion.

Rev. Dr. Noah Schenck, of Brooklyn, who has just returned from a Mission to the Russian Court in behalf of oppressed Protestants of that country, reports that the reception of the committee by Prince Gortschakoff was eminently satisfactory.

In the examination made of steam boilers in this city, nineteen have been found defective and unfit for use.

The Commissioners of Charity have been forced to cut down the expenses, some $90,000 having been taken off the estimate for the year.

Foreign News.

LONDON, Aug. 24.

The Echo to-day has dispatches from Vienna to the effect that the overtures made by Bismarck to the Austrian government aim at more than the settlement of the Roumainian difficulty. The correspondent says the English foreign affairs officials have been warned to watch the proceeding of Gastin.

Watney, Tory candidate for Parliament, is steadily gaining ground at the election in East Surrey.

The Emperor Napoleon will pass some time at Tourraquay, and the Empress Eugenie will visit Spain.

VERSAILLES, August 24.

It is officially announced that the anniversary of the establishment of the Republic will be celebrated thoughout France on the third of September.

Virginia Election.

WHEELING, W. V. Aug 24.

An election was held in this State to-day on the question of calling a Constitutional Convention. The call was generally favored by the Democrats and opposed by the Republicans. The vote was light in most parts of the State. The meagre returns received indicate a close vote and probable defeat of the call. Majorities against the Convention—Wheeling, 139; Fairmont, 97; Palatine, 106; Berley Springs, 69; Rosewood, 22; Parkersburg, 31; Newport, 30; Kanawha county, four precincts, 218; Moundsville, 132. Majorities for the Convention—Martinsburg, 61; Piedmont, 12; Dabull county, three precincts, 88; Doddridge county, two precincts, 7.

Oil Works Damaged.

PITTSBURGH, Aug. 24.

The oil works of John Spear & Co., this city, were damaged by fire this morning, caused by the explosion of a still. Loss small. Covered by insurance.

WATERING PLACE NOTES.—The New York *Standard* summarizes the fashion intelligence at places of popular summer resort.

Balls at the Grand Union, Saratoga, are of nightly occurrence....The Stockton House, Cape May, continues very crowded....All manner of social festivities are progressing at Narragansett....Richfield and Sharon Springs appear to have all the notables this year....As the season slowly culminates, the crowds at Long Branch daily increase....Mrs. Col. Paran Stevens is the most elegantly dressed lady at Newport....The Misses Belmont, Miss Hoffman and Miss Nilsson are the most graceful of the young lady equestrians at Newport....The season at West Point has materially improved of late....The dearth of eligible young men at New London continues....The English bathing cars have proved a great success at Cape May....Atlantic City has fully seven thousand visitors....The yacht race off Stonington, Conn., the other day, was a magnificent sight....They are preparing for a grand fancy dress ball at Delaware Water Gap....Rye Beach, N. H., is a favorite place for aristocratic New England families....At Whitestone, L. I., rustic *fetes* and garden parties are all the go....It is fashionable to come late to breakfast at the seaside hotels....Fashionable ladies have their own silver cups for drinking the mineral waters....The ladies at White Sulphur Springs are the prettiest and most stylish in America.... A number of distinguished English tourists are perambulating the White Mountains....A thick cloud of smoke enveloped the Catskills a result of the recent fires....Tableau vivants will be given on next Thursday evening by a coterie of Murray Hill ladies at Cornwell-on-the-Hudson....They have a Russian countess, two noblemen, and a snob at West Point....White morning wrappers and blue sashes are fashionable among the ladies at Long Branch....Newport property has increased very much in value the last few months....The Rev. Dr. Hepsworth is cruising about the Isle of Shoals in the beautiful yacht Ada.... City beaux fearfully agitate rustic belles and beaux along the Hudson....Lake George, we are pleased to record, is exceedingly well patronized this season, and hotel proprietors are reaping a golden harvest....The proposed balloon ascension at Long Branch—they couldn't find anybody to go up for high....Stamford, Conn., one of the most beautiful resorts on the Sound, is thronged by New Yorkers this season....Runaway accidents are becoming altogether too frequent at Long Branch....The Philadelphia Gray Reserves are encamped in fine style this week at Cape May....Wanted—A few civil, polite and less snobbish clerks at the seaside hotels...Some of the waiters at Saratoga make as much as ten and fifteen dollars a day in fees....Mrs. Sheridan Shook, Mrs. John Hoey, Mrs. Lester Wallack and Mrs. H. T. Helmbold are among the conspicuous fashionable ladies at Long Branch this Summer....General Grant's famous cow is one of the great attractions at Long Banch.....Fetes, garden parties and croquet continue the fashionable dissipations at Newport....An elopement recently excited decrepit ladies and old maids at the Branch....The Sunday evening concerts are all well attended at the leading fashionable resorts....Some of the ladies at Newport display very neat and jaunty bathing costumes....There will be a grand ball in a few days at the new Parry House, West Point....Lester Wallack has rented his cottage at Long Branch for the balance of the season.... Juvenile recreation at Watch Hill Point, is to build huge bonfires on the beach at night....Among metropolitan beaux at the Branch and Saratoga, may be mentioned Mr. Remser Offley, Mr. Washington Nathan, Mr. William Palmer, Mr. Fred. Zerega, Mr. Frank Baker, and Lord (?) Alfred Cleggett.

PETROLEUM MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE MORNING HERALD, TITUSVILLE, Aug. 24, 1871—9 P. M.

The Petroleum market to day was a shade firmer on the Upper Creek, with an appreciation of about 2¼ cents, and a trifle weaker on the Lower Creek and in Oil City, without any material change in prices. There was no great activity and the market was sluggish throughout the entire day.

We quote the following sales:

UPPER CREEK.

1000 barrels,		$4.25
1000 "	Spot	4.27½
1000 "	Regular	4.30
1000 "	Titusville Pipe	4.27½

LOWER CREEK.

1000 "		4.70
5000 "		4.72½
1000 "	Oil City	4.82½
1000 "	Bell at 30	4.80

[PETROLEUM MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.]

New York.

NEW YORK, Aug. 24—3.15 p. m.

Petroleum—Market quiet; Crude, 13½c; Refined, 24½@24¾c.

Pittsburgh.

PITTSBURGH, Aug. 24—4 p. m.

Petroleum—No sales of Crude to-day; Refined quiet, and no sales made: spot, 23¾c, August, 24c, September, 24½c, October, 24¾c.

Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, Aug. 21.

Petroleum dull.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Money and Stock Market.

NEW YORK, Aug. 24.

Gold dull and more plenty, caused by the payment of government gold for interest, and yesterday's sale of $2,000,000.

Loans were made at from one-quarter to one-half per cent.

Clearances, $45,000,000.

Government bonds a fraction higher with small business. It is estimated this evening that only about ten millions of the new 5 per cent. loan allotted this country remain untaken. New 5 per cent. bonds closed at 113⅝ to 112¾, the highest figures reached since the loan was brought out. The stock market has been active and strong, especially for the Pacific Mail, Western Union, New York Central, Scrip, Rock Island, Lake Shore, Northwestern, Panama, and Wabash. Panama sold up to 66½c, on an advance of 3¾ per cept in three days. The bears seem to be growing timid and it is reported this evening that Drew has slipped away from his bear party and is buying Rock Island stock. The market closed steady and strong. State bonds have been dull with but few transactions.

Sterling Exchange and Banker's Bill's 109¾.

Coupons of 1881	118¾		
do '62, 5-20s	114¾		
do '64, 5-20s	114¾		
do '65, 5-20s	114¾		
do '65, new 5-20s	115¾		
do '67, 5-20s	115¾		
do '68	115¾		
do 10-40s	114¾		
Currency sixes	116¾		
State bonds:			
Missouris	96		
Tennessee, old	75¾		
do new	75		
Virginia, new	72		
do old	63		
North Carolina, old	45		
do new			
Stock quotations:			
Canton	78¾	Rock Island	109¾
W. U. Tel	61¾	New Jersey Cent.	106¾
Quicksilver	19¾	St. Paul	61¾
Mariposa	9¼	preferred	81¾
preferred	15¾	Wabash	63½
Adams Ex	62¾	preferred	84
Wells Ex	47	Ft. Wayne	99¾
American	57¾	Terre Haute	25
United States	57	preferred	31
Pacific Mail	52	C. & A.	119
N. Y. C.	98	preferred	98
Scrip	81¾	C. & Alton	45¾
Erie	30¾	C. C. & I. C.	61
preferred	59¾	B. & Q.	40
Harlem	128	Lake Shore	110¾
preferred	131	Ind. Cen.	19¾
Reading	113¾	Ills. Cen.	133¾
Michigan Cent.	98¾	Union Pacific	32¾
P. Ft. W. & C.	117¾	Central do bonds.	100
Northwestern	70¾	Union	85¾
preferred	81¾		

New York Market.

NEW YORK, Aug. 24.

Cotton—Demand active and prices advanced on lower grades, others unchanged; middling uplands, 19¾c. Flour—Demand fair and prices advanced on shipping grades; superfine western and state $4.95@5.35; common to good extra, $5.70@$6.95; good to choice, $5.90@5.35; white western extra, $6.35@9 00; ; St. Louis, $5 90@9 00. Rye flour and corn meal quiet and unchanged. Whisky low. Wheat—demand active and prices advanced; spring No. 2, $1.34@1.41; the latter very choice; winter red western, $1.40@1.44; amber Michigan, $1.45@1.50; white Michigan choice, $1.54½@1.55; spring No. 2, to arrive, $1.32. Rye, barley and malt unchanged. Corn—Market opened firm, but towards the close was dull; western mixed, 67¾; yellow, 70c. Oats—Market steady with moderate demand; western and Ohio, 42@52c. Hay—Shipping, $1 15; retail, $1.25. Hops quiet. Coffee—Demand fair and prices advanced; Rio, 14¾@16c¾. Sugar quiet; ; fair to good refinery 9¾@9¾; Cuba, 9@9¾c. Molasses dull and prices nominal. Rice, 8¾@9½c. Provisions—Pork—Market steady with moderate demand; mess 13@13¾c; prime 10¼@11c; prime new 11c. cut meats and middles dull and unchanged. Lard—Market steady; prime steam, 9¾@9¾c; kettle dried, 10c; September 9¾; December and January 9½c. Butter quiet at 10@20c; state 10@30c. Cheese—Market dull, 6@13¾c.

LATEST.

Flour—Demand fair and market firm; $5.55@5.90 for shipping extra. Wheat very firm; good to choice spring, $1.38@140. Corn dull. Eggs dull at 14@17c. Other markets unchanged.

Toledo Market.

TOLEDO, Aug. 24.

Flour—Demand fair and market firm. Wheat—Market active and prices advanced 1¾@2c; No. 2 white Wabash, $1.32; No. 1 white Michigan, $1.30; No. 2 do, $1.26; amber Michigan, $1 21; No. 1 amber Illinois, $1.20; No. 2 do., $1.23; No. 1 red, $1.24¾; No. 2 do $1.27¾; No. 3 do, $1.19, rejected do at $1.05; extra white Michigan, $1.34. Corn—Market steady with moderate demand; high mixed, 52c; low do, 51c; yellow, 53c; no grade 49c. Oats—Market a shade better; No. 1, 37¾c; No. 2, 34¾c; Michigan, 36¾c; rejected, 31¾c.

Cleveland Market.

CLEVELAND, Aug. 24.

Wheat—Market active and prices advanced 2@3 per cent; No. 1 red winter, $1.26; 3000 bushels do, $1.27; 15,000 No. 2 red winter, $1.23. Corn—Market dull and prices nominal at 56@57c. Oats—Market steady with a moderate demand.

Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, Aug. 24.

Flour—Extra spring Chicago more active at $5.25@6.25. Wheat cornered; cash lots of spring Chicago No. 2, $1.25 for settlements; seller August $1.25; seller September $1.12; the afternoon excited higher prices; seller August $1.18¾@1.18¾. Corn—Demand active and prices advanced 1 cent; No 2 mixed, seller August 47¾c, seller August 45¾ in the afternoon and firmer. Oats—Demand fair and market firmer at ¼c higher; No. 2, 30¾. Rye—No. 2 active and firm; 59¾@63c for cash; 63¾c for September. Highwines strong at 83c.

LOCAL NOTICES.

POOLS sold rapidly yesterday, City Drug Store against the field.

THERE is scarcely anything in the drug line that cannot be found at the City Drug Store.

EVERY thing is new at the City Drug Store.

CHOICE imported and domestic cigars at the City Drug Store.

PEOPLE are surprised to find as full a stock of goods as the City Drug Store carries sold at such low prices.

HARRY SANDERSON, formerly with McDonald, compounds prescriptions in the same careful way at the City Drug Store.

R. T. HAZZARD has the Japanese suitings, something new and cheap.

R. T. HAZZARD'S dry goods stock is complete.

NEW POTATOES and fresh vegetables always on hand at

FIBBS BROTHERS,

Two doors west of American Hotel.

R. T. HAZZARD'S carpet stock is replenished with new patterns.

TRUNKS and bags of every variety, at Kron's, Spring street.

THE largest stock of trunks ever brought to Titusville, at Kron's, Spring street.

LOCAL NOTICES.

SISTERS OF MERCY FAIR.—A fair for the Sisters of Mercy, to assist in relieving their property from mortgage, will be held at the Parshall Opera House every afternoon and evening during this week.

Everything possible will be done by the ladies and committees in charge, to make the fair an agreeable and attractive place of resort. Some of the features will be a variety of fancy articles and objects of value on sale, and to be raffled and voted for. An art gallery of fine oil paintings, chromos, &c.—ice creams, fruits, refreshments and cooling drinks—vocal and instrumental music, wheel of fortune, &c., &c.

The following are among the articles and candidates to be voted for:

Gold Watch—Very Rev. J. Coady, of Oil City, Rev. J. Dunn, of Petroleum Centre, Rev. P. Maurel, of Shamburg, Rev. J. P. Keeno, of Fryburg, and Rev. P. J. Sheridan, of Titusville.

Dressing Gown.—P. Goodwin and Joseph Hoenig.

Gold Ring.—Miss Maggie Powers, Miss Kate Keneely, Miss Maggie McLaughlin, and Miss Rose Biggins.

Boy's Base Ball.—Willie Goodwin, Terrence McManus, and Ambrose B. Reid.

Dinner and supper daily in the hall, 50 cents. Other attractions too numerous to specify. Go and see for yourselves. Admittance 15 cents.

FRESH EGGS and choice butter at Fibbs Brothers.

GENTS trunks from a dollar and seventy-five cents to fifty dollars, at Kron's, Spring street.

ICED CREAM and soda water at McDonald's Drug store. Try it!

LADIES and Gents trunks of the newest patterns and the lowest rates, at Kron's, Spring street.

MORE than 500,000 people bear testimony to the wonderful curative effects of Dr. Pierce's Alt. Ext. or Golden Medical Discovery. For palpitation or irregular action of the heart, all severe acute or lingering coughs, and for "liver complaint" or "billiousness" it is unequalled. Sold by all druggists.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

The Pennsylvania Transportation Company having succeeded to the business of the Allegheny Transportation Company, and the Commonwealth Oil and Pipe Company, all orders for oil should hereafter be made upon the Pennsylvania Transportation Company, who will make good any of the accepted orders of either the Allegheny Transportation Company or the Commonwealth Oil and Pipe Company.

HENRY HARLEY,
President.

aug3dtf

Wilted Down.—Ask the man who complains of being "wilted down" in torrid weather what he has done to sustain his system under the extra strain imposed on his vitality. He may tell you that he has tried a variety of cathartics to purify his blood and brighten his spirits. Under such treatment, of course, this strength has given way, and his energies have become exhausted. What he requires is a restorative, not a depletant. His blood is thin; his nerves have lost their natural tension, and nature demands to be renovated and reinforced. The means is within the reach of all. For nearly a score of years Hostetter's Stomach Bitters has been building up broken constitutions, bracing and strengthening attenuated frames, and affording comfort, ease and hope to thousands. As a preventative of the epidemics which make such havoc with the health of the inhabitants of new settlements, this famous tonic is certainly without a rival. Perhaps the principal portion of its world-wide fame is attributable to its astonishing cures of dyspepsia, and all forms of indigestion. But these are not a moiety of its triumphs. All the types of biliousness yield to its persistent use. It is a regulating medicine of the highest order; and its effects upon the secretions, when irregular, is most salutary.

Imposition of the grossest character is sought to be practiced upon the community by vendors, who recommend, under the name of "bitters," fiery compounds of a dangerous character, which they attempt to substitute for the great national tonic. Shun all such nostrums, and see that you have the genuine Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, properly authenticated by label, name and stamp, and sold in bottles

To All Whom it may Concern.

Notice is hereby given that certain bonds numbered 62 and 63 (for $1,000 00 each,) issued by the city of Titusville, Pa., to James McGorray, of Cleveland, O., and dated Dec. 15, 1870, (payable one year from date,) are subject to certain claims of the said city of Titusville by reason of a discrepancy existing between the amount of land called for in the deed of conveyance and the actual measurement of a certain lot of land in the city of Titusville, conveyed to said city by deed of conveyance from said James McGorray and wife, in part payment of which said bonds were issued; And any person or persons purchasing said bonds will do so subject to the claims above-mentioned, and are hereby notified that said bonds will not be paid by said city until the deficiency in said lot of land is made good in accordance with the terms of said deed of conveyance.

By order of the Common Council.

GEO. A. CHASE, City Clerk.

Titusville, Pa., July 14, 1871.
Cleveland papers please copy. j7|5

Notice.—On and after the 26th day of February, 1871, the rate of transportation on oil through the Hickory Branch of the A. T. Co. from Fagundas to Tidionte and Trunkeyville will be twenty cents per barrel of forty-three gallons each.

ADNAH NEYHART,
a8;m11 Sup't Hickory Branch A. T. Co.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—

A COOK.

Must be a good Washer and Ironer. Apply at first house above Main on Perry street, west side. aug28-dtf

New Engine and Boiler FOR SALE.

A new 15 horse-power Boiler and 12 horse-power Engine for sale

ON REASONABLE TERMS,

and delivered immediately. For particulars apply to A. E. MALLETT & CO., aug28-tf Diamond Street, opposite Postoffice.

HENRY. C. AYRES'

General Insurance Agency,

REPRESENTING

Ætna Life Insurance Co'y,

of Hartford, Connecticut. Assets over $16,000,000

Republic Fire Ins. Comp'y,

of New York. Assets $700,000:

Niagara Fire Ins. Comp'y,

of New York. Assets $1,400,000.

Office No. 1, FERTIG BLOCK.
aug23-tf Titusville, Pa.

FOR RENT.

GOOD ROOMS, GOOD CELLAR, GOOD YARD. Good water, will be rented cheap. Convenient for small family. Inquire of

J. M. MATTHEWS,

On premises, Mowbray House, corner Spring and Monroe streets, or at Olmstead & Jewhurst's. aug23-tf

FOR SALE.

The Boyd's Creek Oil Company

Offer for sale the remainder of their leasehold territory upon Boyd's Creek, Barber county, Kentucky.

This is the only oil-producing territory in Kentucky, and there are seven paying wells upon it, and in its vicinity, with a good market for the crude oil upon the creek.

For terms apply to

aug 19 3w J. B. WILDER, Louisville, Ky.

AMUSEMENTS.

PARSHALL OPERA HOUSE,

MRS. ANNA POOLE HOXIE

The Eminent PIANISTS and SINGER, has the honor to announce to the Public of Titusville and vicinity that she will give one

Grand Vocal and Instrumental Concert,

FRIDAY EVENING SEPT. 1st,

On which occasion she will be assisted by the Unrivalled Violinist,
MISS MATHILDA E. TOEDT.
The Superb Vocalists,
MISS ABBIE WARN AND JENNIE SMITH.
The Eminent Pianiste,
MISS MINNIE SLADE.

Reserved Seats, $1.00; General Admission, 75c; Privates Boxes, $5. The sale of Seats wil commence Wednesday morning, Aug. 30, at the Box Office in Opera House. Concert to commence at 8 o'clock.

Mr. George Hadge, the well-known Tuner and Repairer of Pianos, who is sent out with Mrs. Hoxsie's Concert Troupe, by the firm of Jewett, Mitchin & White, of Buffalo, will attend to any orders which may be left at the places where the above tickets are sold. aug24-td

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

OIL FARM ON PITHOLE FOR SALE.

Oil operators in pursuit of territory are invited to examine the

Homestead Farm of Fifty Acres,

which, together with Engines, Tubing, Casing, Sucker rods, &c., &c., are offered for Sale. Reliable information in regard to the past, present and prospective character of the farm may be obtained on application to

G. A. HINCKLEY, Agent,
On the premises.

P. O. address, Pithole, Venango Co., Pa. mh27-tf

PITTSBURGH FEMALE COLLEGE.

Rev. I. C. Pershing, D. D., Presid't.

Elegant buildings, 146 feet in length, furnished in good style. Every private room, and hall, and school-room carpeted. Well selected course of study.

Twenty-Two Teachers.

Special departments and Teachers for all the ornamental branches, such as Vocal and Instrumental Music (4 teachers), Drawing and Painting, Waxwork, Needlework, etc. Native Teachers of French and German. Charges less than any school in the United States affording equal advantages and accommodations. Fall term commences Sept. 5th. Send to President Pershing, Pittsburgh Pa., for a catalogue. jy11d&w3m

CAR TANKS,

On hand and for sale. Also

Gauge Rods

FOR

WELL TANKS.

H. W. TEMPLE,

No. 2 Smith Block, Washington street, opposite Parshall House.

FOR SALE.

HOUSE AND LOT on UNION STREET.

Near the head of Ferry. Lot 90 feet front by 180 feet deep. Inquire of

J. A. CADWALLADER,
or W. G. WARNER,
aug22-dtf Head of Ferry street.

ON THE MAGUIRE FARM

We are offering for a few days

Free and Controlling Interests

in from one (1) to five (5) acres of land, with WELLS nearly completed.

aug21 SCHUYLER & EMERY BROS.

CITY OF TITUSVILLE,
TITUSVILLE, August 19, 1871.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL be received by the Sewer Committee up to 12 o'clock, noon,

Saturday, September 9th,

for furnishing all the sewer tile, branches, curves slants, etc., necessary to make connections with the main sewer about to be constructed in Pine street from Church Run to Monroe street, and in Monroe street from Pine to Main street. Detailed specifications can be seen at the office of the City Engineer.

J. J. McCRUM,
F. H. GIBBS,
R. M. JACKSON,
Sewer Committee.

JOSEPH SMITH, City Engineer. aug21dtf

NOTICE.

The copartnership heretofore existing under the firm name of McAninch & Chandler, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Wm. H. Chandler retiring. The business

SPECIAL SALE

OF

READY-MADE CLOTHING

We offer for the

Next Twenty Days

Our entire stock of

READY-MADE CLOTHING

At a reduction of

30 Per Cent. From Regular Prices.

Also a large assortment of

Hats and Caps

At the same rate.

This is the best opportunity ever offered to buy clothing cheap, as the goods

Will be Sold as Advertised.

SHUGERT & STARR,

Successors to

McFARLAND, SMITH & CO.,

TITUSVILLE, PA.

THE

CITIZENS BANK,

Titusville, Pa.

OFFICERS:

WM. H. ABBOTT....................President.
I. G JACKSON.....................Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

WM. H. ABBOTT, GEO. K. ANDERSON,
F. W. AMES, F. W. ANDREWS,
D. H. CADY, LYMAN STEWART,
I. G. JACKSON.

This Bank is organized on the partnership principle, each stockholder being individually liable to the FULL EXTENT OF HIS PROPERTY.

FOUR, FIVE AND SIX PER CENT.

interest allowed on time deposits in Saving's Bank Department, special facilities being offered to SMALL DEPOSITORS.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES of all kinds for sale.

Discounts made and a General Banking Business transacted.

Shamburg

Savings Bank,

Shamburg, Pa.

WM. H. ABBOTT.....................President
JOHN B. DRUM......................Cashier.

This institution is a branch of the Citizens Bank, of Titusville, and business is conducted on the same principle.

INTEREST ON TIME DEPOSITS. A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED.

Sept20 tf

REFRIGERATORS.

Ice Chests,

ICE CREAM FREEZERS,

From 2 to 25 quarts. Water Coolers, Japanned and Bronzed Toilet Setts, Bath Tubs, Clothes Wringers, Tin and Copper Ware

COOK STOVES,

Fine Ivory, Horn. Bone, and Rubber handled Table Cutlery at

DAME, SMITH & CO'S.

The Celebrated

"KEDZIE WATER FILTER."

This is the only perfect

Water Filter

in the market. It is practical, simple in construction, and perfectly reliable under all circumstances.

It removes all impurities, and renders rain or other water pure, healthy and sweet.

We can refer to fifty families who are now using them.

Sole Agents,

DAME, SMITH & CO.

We are sole Agents for the

PHILADELPHIA AND LANDSCAPE

LAWN MOWERS,

The two best Lawn Mowers in the world. We give as reference, F. W. Ames, Esq., Jonathan Watson, Esq., T. J. Smiley, Esq., J. A. Cadwalader, Esq., and Wm. Webster, Esq., the well-known Landscape Gardener, and many others.

DAME, SMITH & CO.

HYDRAULIC RAMS.

Force and

Lift Pumps,

Lead Pipe,

Sheet Lead,

and Zinc, at

Dame, Smith & Co.

Successors to F. W. Ames,

TITUSVILLE.

Titusville Morning Herald.

Friday, August 25, 1871.

The "MORNING HERALD," the First Daily Paper in the Oil Regions, was Established June 14, 1865.

☞ The "MORNING HERALD" has a larger circulation than any other paper in Western Pennsylvania, outside of Pittsburgh:

And the Circulation of the Herald IN THE OIL REGION is Larger by FIVE HUNDRED Copies than that of any other paper.

New Advertisements To-day.

$25 Reward—D. Robertson.
Girl Wanted—Mrs. C. A. Selden.
Strayed or Stolen—Thomas Plunkett.
Passage Ticket Lost—John Sutton.
Jar Improvement—H. Sontag.
Great Bargains in Butter—S. Shipman.
Boiler Wanted—T. Frothingham.
For Sale, Shelving and Counters—Herald Office.
Wanted, Boiler and Engine—Herald Office.

COMMON COUNCIL.—On account of our crowded columns yesterday, the publication of the Council proceedings was necessarily deferred till to-day. A brief editorial reference yesterday to the action taken by the Council on Wednesday evening, made us say that the defeat of the ordinance for the paving of Franklin street with the Roberts pavement was a disappointment to the "speculators." The word should have been SPECTATORS, as the context showed, but the error escaped the attention of the proof reader. It requires no argument to convince any person that there is little chance for *speculation* in laying pine or chestnut block pavement at $1 50 per square yard.

PERSONAL.—Our fellow-townsman, Mr. Jeff Kendall, arrived home on Wednesday, after two months absence in exploring the gold mines of River Du Lu, Canada East. The mines are sixty-five miles southeast of Quebec, and within twenty-five miles of the State line of Maine. Mr. Kendall and other parties are the owners of 50,000 acres, purchased several years ago, and are now perfecting operations for extensive mining. Mr. Kendall brings home several fine gold nuggets collected by himself. It is very pure ore, and California miners pronounce it first-class alluvial diggings.

A VERDICT IN FAVOR OF PLAINTIFF.—Mr. Ring, whose horses were burned in a car on the A. & G. W. Railroad, near Meadville, and who sued the Erie Road to recover damages, got a verdict in the Common Pleas Court on Thursday, amounting, interest and all, to over $5,000. The horses were a stallion and a mare. Mr. Ring now resides in Denver, and was in town last evening.

STEAMER CHAUTAUQUA.—Capt. Hiram Hill, of this city, one of the owners of the steamer Chautauqua, recently destroyed by the explosion of boiler on Chautauqua Lake, informs us that the loss is about $16,000. The boat was built about eight years ago, and during the last two years considerable money had been expended upon her outfit. Her earnings were from ten to fourteen thousand dollars each season, and of late her business had very largely increased. Capt. Hill owned one half the boat, Capt. Murray one-quarter, and the remainder was divided between other parties. She carried no fire or marine insurance. Negotiations are already in progress for the construction of a new steamer, and it is probable she will be made superior in all respects to the Chautauqua. The increasing popularity of the lake as a route of travel and place of summer visitation would seem to justify a first class investment of this sort.

MALICIOUS MISCHIEF.—About 9 o'clock on Wednesday night some person entered the yard of Mr. D. Robertson, on Washington street, and broke the base of two handsome stone columns, intended for the Second National Bank. The cutting of the stones had just been completed, and their destruction must have been a purely malicious act. Mr. Robertson offers a reward of $25 for the detection of the offender, and if detected we hope he will get the just penalty of his misdoing.

ARRESTED ON A CHARGE OF THEFT.—James Smith, of Corry, was yesterday arraigned before Justice Strouse for stealing a watch chain in a bowling alley. He was held to answer in the sum of $300. He was subsequently arraigned on a charge of stealing sixty dollars in money at the United States Hotel, and held to answer in a further sum of $300.

THE JAMESTOWN MURDER—THE CORONER'S VERDICT.—The inquest on the remains of the man murdered in the brewery near Jamestown, has been completed. It was established beyond a shadow of doubt that a murder had been committed and the body burned, and the proof was well nigh conclusive that the victim was Bachmann. The verdict found, omitting formal parts, was that Bachmann was murdered at Jamestown on the 16th day of August, 1871, at about one o'clock p m, by one Charles H. Marlow, who shot the said Bachmann with a pistol, inflicting a mortal wound.

It was also found that Augusta Marlow, wife of said Charles H. Marlow, was an accomplice of her husband in this murder.

Notwithstanding the character of the evidence, very many in Jameston refuse to believe in the guilt of Marlow. He and his wife, under the advice of counsel, refused to testify at the inquest.

THE shortest cut to fortune is now the diamond fields of South Africa. We expect there will be a stampede from the oil region, by all operators owning less than a fifty-barrel well. We got a letter, the other day, from a restless spirit from Tidioute, asking for full particulars, and saying that he was off for diamonds. We expect, by this time, he must be on the raging main. When one thinks of how the oil miner has to bore to the depths of the earth for petroleum, while the denizen of South Africa has but to stub his toe or scratch the ground with his finger nails, when lo! as happened the other day to a Pennsylvanian, he picks up a diamond as big as a hen's egg, worth $75,000.

ANOTHER POWERS.—We are requested to state, that the Pat. Powers connected with the prosecution of Mr. Gross, is not the lumber dealer of Hydetown, of the same name. He has been greatly annoyed by the imputation, and this explanation is made at the solicitation of friends.

THE Rev. A. Murdoch, pastor of the Baptist Church, is expected home to-day, having completed his Summer vacation, and will preach to his own congregation on Sunday.

FIVE prisoners have been added to the Franklin jail during the last week, which the local papers mention as indicative of a rapidly increasing population.

PIKE and whitefish just received at the Fish Market, opposite Bush House. All fish dressed.

A CAR load of water-melons just received at Shank's.

Summer Meeting—Titusville Driving Park.

THIRD DAY.

The crowd in attendance at the Driving Park yesterday largely exceeded that of the previous day, the interest of the occasion centering in the sweepstakes, in which had been entered some of the best known horses in this section of country. The purse for the sweepstakes was $1,100, and as the hour approached the scene presented was characterized by unusual excitement on the part of the spectators, and betting was remarkably active and heavy. In the pool selling Byron was the favorite by large odds, selling as high as $15 to $3 against the field. The result of the race consequently carried disappointment and dismay into the ranks of his enthusiastic backers, for Independence achieved a victory that was entirely unexpected to the mass of the lookers-on.

As on the first day, the judges yielded to a demand for change of drivers, both on Byron and Independence, and were vociferously applauded for their action.

THE SWEEPSTAKES.

First Heat.—The horses started, Clara having the lead, Shoo Fly and Byron close after, with Independence four lengths behind. Byron passed Clara before reaching the quarter pole and passed that in 39 seconds. He was closely followed by Independence to half-mile pole, passing that in 1:16. Independence collared Byron before reaching the three-quarter pole, when both horses went up, Dodge brought Independence to his feet in good style, and passed Byron, coming down the home stretch in a magnificent burst of speed, winning the heat in 2:31½. In this heat Byron accidentally collided with Clara's sulky, totally wrecking the vehicle, but by a compromise on the part of the drivers all were allowed to start on the second heat.

Second Heat.—After scoring six times the horses got off together, Independence having the pole, but Byron leading, followed by Shoo Fly and Clara. Byron broke before gaining the quarter, but soon regained his feet, and before reaching the upper gate Byron, Shoo Fly and Independence were closely grouped, and as they turned into the home stretch Independence shot swiftly ahead, making a clean gap of ten lengths, which he fully sustained during the remainder of the heat. Time 2 41. Clara and Shoo Fly distanced. Between the two heats there had been a sharp shower, which greatly impeded the speed of the horses, and accounts for the inferior time on the second heat.

Third Heat—On the first score only two horses starting they had a fine send off. On the first quarter Independence broke badly, and Byron trotted smoothly away, opening a gap of least ten lengths, which was undiminished till the horses had come upon the home stretch, second time round, when by a sudden and altogether unexpected burst of speed, Independence closed upon his competitor, and allowed him to win the race barely by a half length. Time 2:45½.

Fourth and Last Heat—At this juncture so much dissatisfaction was expressed in regard to the inferior time, that the judges decided to change drivers for both horses, substituting Seth Bane for Logan, behind Byron, and John McGee for Dodge, behind Independence. On the second score the horses got off together, Byron acting badly on the first quarter and allowing Independence to take the pole, which he retained during the entire heat, winning the heat and race in 2:41.

RUNNING RACE.

This was for a purse of $500—$275 to the first, $150 to the second and $75 to the third. In this race four horses were entered, but only three started, viz: Little Pet, Nelly Flynn and Belle Price.

First Heat—The horses got a good send-off but in turning into the back stretch Nellie Flynn fell down on her side and lay for a couple of seconds, when she got up and continued the race without a rider, a part of the time being but a short distance behind the others. Her rider picked himself up and clung to the railing for support. The crowd ran to him but found he was but little hurt although stunned by the fall. Little Pet and Belle Price made a splendid race, as both could have been covered with a single blanket during the greater part of the heat. Belle Price won the heat by half a neck. Time, 2 minutes and ½ second. The time for quarter and half was not reported, owing to the excitement caused by the fall of Nellie Flynn's rider.

Second Heat—This was a splendid heat between Belle Price and Little Pet, they being lapped at quarter pole and almost to the half mile; on arriving there Little Pet had a very little the advance, but the bay mare having the pole got alongside on the back stretch, and they passed the three-quarter pole lapped again, and continued so under whip and spur to the judges' stand, Belle Price winning the heat and race by a throat latch in 1:57.

This was decidedly by far the best running race that was ever made on the track.

Nellie Flynn started, but owing either to an injury received by her in the first heat, or to the fright of her rider, made a poor race, and after passing the three-quarter pole she jumped the fence, again throwing her rider, but causing no serious damage.

In a pecuniary sense the meeting has not been a success, but for the satisfaction afforded to owners of horses, as well as the spectators in attendance, the exhibition was all that could be desired. Horsemen feel perfectly assured that the races under the management of this Association are honorably conducted and that no jockeying will be tolerated under any circumstances.

Base Ball—Inquiry.

Editors Morning Herald:

DEAR SIRS:—I noticed in the columns of the *Courier* yesterday an account of a game of base ball played at Union City between the Oil Stockings, of Franklin, and Unions, of Union City. Were the Unions aware they were playing Hall, Hawk, Quest and Lindsey, the strongest half of the Seneca nine, under the name of Oil Stockings; and do the latter club take credit for same? SHORT STOP.

AT THE MANSION HOUSE.—Lost hair restored; falling hair arrested; dandruff and scalp disease cured; dry, diseased and split hairs made soft and flexible. Dr. Sibbet permanently cures all cases undertaken. Hours from 10 a. m. to 8 p. m.

CHURCH RUN WELLS.—Another well was struck on the Sloan Reserve, on Wednesday night. Smith, McCray & Deans are the owners. It is to be tubed and tested to-morrow, and promises to be a first-class well.

BARTLETT pears, grapes, peaches, apples, plums, and all kinds of fruit at Shank's.

SEVENTY FIVE bushels choice peaches just received at Shank's.

FRESH oysters just received at Shank's.

R. T. HAZZARD'S dry goods store is full of grenadines, cheap.

The Wisner Murder.

EXAMINATION OF CHARLES B. GROSS—SECOND DAY—BEFORE ALDERMAN J. B. D. CLARK.

Julius Byles and J. R. Harris, attorneys for the prosecution; B. S. McAllister and Roger Sherman for the defendant.

Court opened at 9 o'clock.

MATTHIAS M. SPIESMAN'S TESTIMONY.

Attorneys for the prosecution called M. Spiesman, who being duly sworn said: I know the defendant; I reside in Franklin street; defendant was in my place about January 25th, but it might have been two days before—the day before Friday; came at 8 o'clock and staid that night and next day till noon; can't say that he took dinner; said he was going to Parker's Landing; then said he was going to Buffalo; said he had friends there, don't know where he went; next again saw him last spring when he began to work at a tailor's shop here; Buser came and asked me if I had a place for him; don't know where he went to; next saw him at lock-up; asked him what he was there for; he didn't say where he had been.

Cross-examined: It must have been the 25th or 26th of July; it might have been 25th, 26th or 27th; he staid all that night, the next day, the next night and till noon next day, after he came to my house; if he came the 25th he staid till noon the 27th; I keep a hotel; I keep a man to attend to the inside business of the house; have known defendant pretty near a year now; told me he was going to Buffalo to get a better job, as work was slack at Pleasantville.

JOHN DOHERTY'S TESTIMONY.

Defendant told me after his arrest, voluntarily, that he was innocent; that he did not know Wisner. He did not say where he was, except that he was in Pleasantville and Titusville, and that before the murder he went to Buffalo, that he could show it by the chief of police of Buffalo.

Cross examined: When in the wagon he said he was innocent, and could prove himself so.

Re-direct: He said he was not in Titusville in January at all.

Re-cross examination: He stated that there was a man in Buffalo who went with him to Buffalo. He told me that Captain Rhinehard, in Buffalo, informed him of the murder.

MEYER MARK'S TESTIMONY.

Have resided in Pleasantville; have known the defendant a little more than a year; he is a tailor; he worked for Moses Arnold in Pleasantville; he left Pleasantville last January. I come to Titusville to get my meat; about dark I met him and shook hands and asked him why he didn't go home and go to work; he said he was looking for work, or for a place to carry on a repairing shop; I asked him haven't you work in Pleasantville; he said the town was a little mad at his boy and that spoiled his business; his boy took up the Chase House for selling liquor to minors, and the boys were down on him for that, and that took away his customers He seemed to be mad; he said, tell my folks to send my fine boots and spectacles to me at Parker's Landing, or Buffalo. This was on Thursday, and after the 20th and near the last of the month; can not tell what day of the month.

DEFENSE.

Mr. Sherman said: In opening this case for the defendant, I hardly know how to characterize the prosecution we have here. Citizens are all interested in arresting any one suspected of the crime, rich or poor, but no one ought to be charged with the crime unless there is probable cause. Any one ought to feel safe against unfounded charges. There was nothing so far as the testimony presented, that tended to cast a suspicion upon the defendant, except the fact that he was a tailor and tailors used shears The prosecution was entirely unwarranted; he was willing to rest the case here In all cases of murder there must be some reasonable ground for the accusation; in this case it was evident the testimony connecting Gross with the murder was all fabricated. The man and his family were poor, his wife was above suspicion, yet there had been an intimation, that of jealousy, the only possible motive that could be assigned for the deed. It was apparent that the reward was the sole object of the prosecution. It was unfortunate for the defendant that he happened to be in Titusville about the time of the murder, but they would be able to show where he was all the time; that he left before the murder occurred; met a countryman at the depot, paid his fare to Buffalo and accompanied him, and stayed there three weeks working at his trade. The evidence would be direct and to the point, and would show that the prisoner had no connection whatever with the transaction.

CHARLES M'CALL'S TESTIMONY.

I lived last year in Pleasantville till April 11, 1869; know the defendant; he worked for me in 1870 till some time in the winter; cannot fix the time he left; he drank some; there was some difficulty between him and the other journeymen; sometimes prejudice against a man will drive him out of a shop; my family visited his and his mine; he seemed to be happy in all his family relations; I know about his clothing somewhat; he wore that week he left the clothes he now has on; he wore them when working for me in Titusville; he wore a brown suit before he got these, which must have been in the summer.

CHARLES N. GROSS' TESTIMONY.

I am a son of the defendant; I lived with him in Pleasantville last winter; the suit he now has on he bought last August; he wore no other clothing since he got them; before he wore the suit I now have on; my father went away last January on my account, because I made out an affidavit against the Chase House. He said I should leave and mother said I shouldn't. Then he said he would and did leave on Wednesday the 25th. I know it because our G. T. Lodge meeting was on the evening of that day. He returned home about the 29th of March; he worked after he came home, usually with his coat off; worked for Arnold about four weeks and then went to work at Tidioute, till about four weeks ago, then went to Parker's Landing.

Cross-examined: Have not examined the almanac for the purpose of fixing dates; I fix the date of father's leaving by date of Lodge meeting.

TESTIMONY OF FRANK MEYER.

Live south side of Oil Creek; have known Charles Gross since about a year ago; came to my house last winter and borrowed a dollar; saw him last winter in Speisman's house; he had his satchel; had a little too much beer; said he was going on train, and I went with him to depot; said he was going east or west; it was about twenty minutes past 8, the train going east.

Cross-examined: Don't remember what day or month.

M. SPEISMAN RECALLED

Gross had not been at my house before in January; he then staid about two days and a half; had not been drinking a great deal.

Charles P. Burgess, sworn: In January last, on the 27th, the train was considerably behind time, going north, in the evening; the time of departure was 9 to 9½; it was half past ten that evening; I know it was the night of the murder because I had suspicion of a man who said he was going towards the bridge that night; I know it was half past ten because I looked at the clock.

Charles Wagner, sworn: I have been living in Buffalo for four or five months; was in Titusville last winter; was here the last Friday in January; was looking for work, and could not get it: went to the depot at 6 o'clock; had money enough to go to Corry, and they told me the train went at twelve minutes after nine; I was talking to a man who was going to Rochester; Charley Gross came in with a carpet bag in his hand at eight o'clock to the depot; we talked German together; I told him I was short of money, and wanted to go to Buffalo; told him I knew two men in Buffalo; he offered to take me along to Buffalo; I told him I could return the money when I got there, and obtain work too; he asked me who the man was: I told him Matt Green; he said I was a good looking man, and would not cheat him out of the money to pay my passage; he consented to take me along; I told him the train started at twelve minutes after nine; he knocked at the office to get a ticket and the office was not open; a watchman told us that the train would not be here for an hour and a half longer; Gross then said, come a take a glass of beer; when we went out he took his baggage along; we went out of the depot round the corner to the first corner on the first street and found a saloon; I took a small glass of beer; he said he had diarrhea, and he drank two whiskies; we were there about half an hour and then went to depot again; we went off at half past ten to Corry and found the train was gone to Buffalo; we staid there the whole night, and went off to Buffalo at ten o'clock next morning; we were delayed at Brocton; we arrived in Buffalo at near dark, we went into Chris. Lee's, and we staid there the whole night; we went on Sunday morning to Pratt & Co's. rolling mills, Black Rock; I inquired for Green, and the watchman showed me the house, and he paid Gross $2 and I said I would pay him $1.90 next Saturday; I gave him two dollars afterwards; I went to the rolling mills next day, on Monday, and they offered to give me work in a day or two; I went to work on February 1st at 4 in the morning; that was Wednesday; I gave Gross the $2 two weeks after that; I met him about five weeks after in Buffalo and have not seen him since till meeting him here. It was after eight when Gross came into the depot.

Cross-examined: I came from Pittsburg to Titusville; I came up the river road from there; I left Pittsburgh on the 19th, and went to Lawrenceville; started from there between eight and nine o'clock next morning, and got to Brady's Bend on the 20th; I inquired for work there, at the rolling mill; I staid there over night, and went to Franklin next day, the 21st, between ten and eleven o'clock; I went away the same evening to Kittanning, and left there on the 22d; went to Oil City and staid there two days; that was the 24th; went to Rouseville; got there on the evening of the 24th; staid there all night; on the 25th I started to walk for Titusville, and slept at a farmer's house on the road near Rouseville, till the 26th; I also slept near Titusville on the night of the 26th, and arrived here on the 27th, at about— o'clock.

The cross-examination did not elicit any different facts.

Mr. McAllister said he had the railroad books at Titusville to show that the train was an hour and eighteen minutes late the night of Friday, January 27th.

Adjourned till 2 p. m.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Mr. Harris, for the prosecution, admitted that the train going north from Titusville on January 27th was an hour and eighteen minutes late.

Mr. Gross, Jr., recalled, testified that his father was not at home from the 25th of January till he returned home in March.

B S BURGESS SWORN.

Reside in Titusville, at Morey House; know Fred. L. Brownyear; he was at our place on Monday and Wednesday; looked at register to see when he came there; said it was in February, but name is registered on the 27th of January; Brownyear came to the house near 12 o'clock on the night of the 27th.

NATHAN M'KINNEY, SWORN.

Live in Pleasantville; keep hotel; do know of defendant being at my hotel on Wednesday, 26th of January last; do not recognize his name on registry.

Counsel for defense made a point that Wednesday was the 25th instead of the 26th, and there was no 25th of January in registry, which was exhibited.

SPEECH OF MR. MCALLISTER.

Mr. McAllister then addressed the court He thought the testimony had covered the whole ground, but Mr Gross could not be held on the testimony given. The defence claimed they had proved an alibi, and they were willing to submit the whole question on the testimony of Charles Wagner. The other side would doubtless attempt to show that Wagner's testimony was not credible. To begin, the counsel reviewed the entire case; the killing, the instrument, the apparent fact that the shear blade was prepared for the deed. But the speaker did not make this concession, the blade was not prepared for stabbing, because there would have been no occasion for filing the loop; on the other hand the blade should only have been filed from heel to point. The speaker also discredited the theory that the cuts in Wisner's pants were made with the shear blade; the blade would not have made the clear diagonal rent that appeared in the cloth: a dirk of the same fashion would not have made the same rent; therefore, the theory that the murder was committed by a shear blade, and that it was a tailor's shears, and that Mr. Gross being a tailor, owned the shears, was particularly absurd. The shear fitted the wound, but it did not follow that a dirk or some other instrument would not also have fitted the wounds and corresponded with the rents. Another theory was that the death of Wisner was excited by illicit association with some woman. An attempt had been made to show that such associations existed between Wisner and Mrs. Gross, but no testimony had been offered to sustain such theory. The speaker then reviewed the testimony, showing that the defendant left Pleasantville on the 25th, and remained here till the 27th; they did not follow him from eight o'clock in the evening; Brownyear remembered seeing him at that time; he conversed with the prisoner and talked about his private affairs; they drank together and defendant complained about his wife; witness says in a loud tone, but it does not appear that any person overheard them, and the assumption that such a conversation was had and that it implied a threat of murdering Wisner is absurd; the witness himself admits it; he says when he heard of Wisner's death the next day he suspected Gross, but he kept this matter to himself till he told Pat. Powers, several months afterwards, and this communication resulted in the working up of this case. Pat. Powers tells him to relate the story to John Maloney; an arrangement was made to meet at Thompson's, a man who kept a small hotel; the parties then visited the bridge and came back and conferred with Thompson; the story was then related and Thompson wrote down the story; witness says the name of Wisner was not mentioned in the statement, and witness says he had no motive for telling the story; Is this credible? Do men consort together in this mysterious manner without a motive? Is it possible that this conspiracy was organized except for the purpose of fixing the guilt of a particular murder upon a particular individual? The witness had simply perjured himself in asserting that the four men did not plot and conspire against the life of Gross, for the purpose of obtaining the reward.

Mr. McAllister then made a clear analysis of Brownyear's testimony, showing the incongruities, the confusion of dates as to his earlier movements, but when his story was related concerning Gross, the statement read like a book, as if committed to heart. There was a very plausible story so far as the conspiracy was concerned, but on all other points, as relating to his personal movements, it was full of contradictions.

The story about Wisner's acquaintance with Mrs. Gross was examined. It appears that an old man named Thayer, of Pleasantville, had been worked up for this purpose and he testified that he had seen a wagon with Shank's name standing in front of the grove. Wisner was not seen there, nor Mrs. Gross; there was nothing whatever to identify Wisner with Shank's wagon at Pleasantville, or with Mrs. Gross at Pleasantville. Then the prosecution attempted to show that Gross was seen at Oil City in January, but it proved to be in December; as also the imputation that Gross was seen about Pleasantville a few days after the murder. The speaker rejected the evidence of Brownyear, in all respects, as entirely unworthy of credence.

The speaker then reviewed the evidence for the defense. They had shown that Gross left Pleasantville on Wednesday, the 25th of January. He put up at the house of Speisman, and staid there till noon of the 27th; Mr. Meyer accompanied him to the depot, and left him there at 8 o'clock; then we find Charles Wagner accompanying Gross, the latter paying Wagner's fare, and buying tickets, the railroad record shows the train was behind time 1:18, as Wagner testifies; they went to Corry, staid there all Friday night, went to Buffalo, and arrived there on Saturday. Witness knew it was the fatal Friday, not as the 27th, but because he knew it was the last Friday in the month of January. Is not this natural and straightforward? Can any one discredit it?

Mr. McAllister further reviewed the testimony and in conclusion dwelt particularly upon the assumption that the whole case was the outgrowth of a conspiracy to obtain a certain reward. The testimony on which it was founded was rotten, as any lawyer would have assured them if he had been consulted. Here was an innocent man, dragged from the bosom of his family at midnight, not apprised of the accusation, thrown into a filthy dungeon, and except for the charity of his own countrymen, who would not stand by and see an innocent man's life sworn away for money, would be dragged to jail, and perhaps lose his life on the gallows. It had been a case of conspiracy, perjury and fraud from the beginning. Who were these men to plot and swear away the life of a fellow man, merely to obtain a few paltry dollars? The speaker characterized them in the severest terms, and concluded by exhorting the magistrate to discharge the prisoner with the seal of innocence and acquit him of all knowledge of the infamous crime of which he had been accused.

SPEECH OF MR. HARRIS.

J. R. Harris, Esq., followed Mr. McAllister in behalf of the prosecution.

He said he had listened attentively to the learned counsel for the defense and had been more than satisfied with his explanations. It had been understood between the counsel from the beginning that if an *alibi* was proved, the prosecution would surrender the case. But the defense had reviewed the entire testimony and had made assertions that called for an emphatic refutation. The prosecution disclaimed any improper motives, or being actuated by other than a desire to elicit the facts in the case and give the defendant every facility for disproving his complicity with the crime. The speaker would not say a word to prejudice the rights of the prisoner, but they desired that the Court should weigh the evidence, and if it was satisfied that the prisoner was outside the limits of Titusville at the time of the murder, then acquit him on the spot.

To review the testimony, the physicians assert that the shear blade was the instrument of death. The prosecution had no theory as to the object of thus filing the shears. They did not go back of the fact that the physicians testified that the shear blade was used. The court is satisfied that this was the instrument used.

It appears that Brownyear, some time last spring, was working on a well at Pithole; he told the story to Pat. Powers that he has told here to-day; Powers made the arrangement by which Brownyear was brought to Titusville and had a conference with Maloney and Thompson. Maloney first heard the story, and it was then related to Thompson in his own house, all four being present. Nothing was said about the murder of Wisner; this was reasonable enough; Maloney had been a detective, he was cognizant of the Wisner murder; knew that the shear blade had been found; was informed that Gross was a tailor, and associating these facts together, pursued the case without further consultation. It was not expedient that Maloney should discuss the Wisner murder with his companions; he exercised the accustomed professional discretion, for as he afterwards remarked, he had no intention of taking any steps for the prosecution of Gross unless satisfied that he was guilty. A *prima facia* case was established on the first disclosure of Brownyear; they wanted to get more, but the story had reached the family of Gross in Tidioute, and Gross had threatened to prosecute any person who made the assertion. It became necessary to make the arrest; they of course had no knowledge of the evidence since offered by the defense, or that an alibi could be proved, and the turning point of the case was entirely upon this point. The speaker then reviewed Brownyear's testimony. He alleges that he was at the United States Hotel on the afternoon of the 27th; went to the Morey House after dinner; at 8 o'clock met Gross at Geib's saloon; then occurred the conversation before reported; Mr. Brownyear disclaimed all malice; he simply repeated Gross' own statement; there was evidently a discrepancy in dates, but no one who heard Brownyear's story would say that the prosecution of this case was not justifiable.

The murder of Wisner, from its heartless nature, its mystery and darkness, arouses the indignation of the community, makes every citizen a vigilant detective. It was a dreadful butchery, the heart of every human being was touched, organizations were effected, and the most vigorous measures adopted, but so far as we know no trace has yet been discovered of the murderer. It is not, therefore, to be assumed that investigation is the effect of personal malice, or that any citizen who desires to see the law vindicated and acts upon the dictates of his best judgment, and upon reasonable grounds of suspicion should be denounced as malicious or mercenary. Other prosecutions had been instituted, other men arrested, and unless the private citizen as well as professional detectives endeavor to ferret out the the murderer he was not likely to be detected. Neither Thompson nor Powers had done anything except their duty; any man who had been familiar with the same circumstances would have acted in precisely the same manner, whether stimulated by a reward or not; there was nothing strange or malicious, or devilish; the defendant's counsel had indulged in the most unworthy insinuations against the prosecuting parties, they had even intimated that the prosecution themselves were the murderers, and there was no jot or tittle of evidence that did not fully justify the entire proceeding.

We desire to leave the case entirely upon the evidence introduced. If the court believes the evidence of the defence, instead of the Commonwealth, or that impartially weighed, the evidence does not sustain the theory of the prosecution, then we do not desire that the defendant shall be held.

REMARKS BY THE COURT.

Justice Clark said he had closely followed the case and impartially weighed the evidence. He had himself taken the testimony in his own hand, and would say that he had formed his conclusion upon mature deliberation. So far as his official action was concerned, he would say that he had allowed the greatest latitude, that everything might be brought out, so that in case it became necessary to hold the prisoner it would be found that no restrictions had been placed upon the investigation.

In regard to Mr. Maloney he would say that his character could not be impeached; he had worked up the case conscientiously. Mr. Thompson had incidentally assisted, and the Court was of the opinion that these acts in furthering the prosecution were fully justifiable under the circumstances.

Upon Brownyear's testimony, without contradiction, the prisoner could be held, but it had been so entirely refuted, and an *alibi* had been so effectually established by the defense, that the court would simply say *the prisoner would be immediately discharged.*

As soon as this sentence was pronounced the crowd in attendance burst into enthusiastic and long continued applause.

Mrs. Gross, who had sat beside her husband during the entire proceedings, swooned entirely away, and her husband wept like a child. The audience also displayed great emotion and the faces of very many were moistened with tears.

A subscription paper was at once started in favor of the accused, and we presume it will meet with a prompt and generous response. Mr. Harris, counsel for the prosecution, headed the subscription list with $10, and the audience gave him three hearty cheers!

Mr. Gross has suffered greatly during his incarceration, and the public sympathy in his misfortunes can not be more effectively demonstrated than by a little practical aid that shall minister to the temporary relief of his family.

Card of Acknowledgment.

The undersigned desire to express their heartfelt acknowledgments to the citizens of Titusville who so nobly came forward to assist them in their recent trial and afflictions. We were strangers among you, resting under the suspicion of having committed a terrible crime, and we were without money or any means of disproving the charge. But kind hearts and generous hands came to our rescue, the innocence of Mr. Gross has been fully established, and we desire to express our lasting appreciation of these acts of Christian charity and kindness. They will always be cherished in our hearts of hearts, and God in his own time will fitly reward the doers.

CHARLES B. GROSS,
THERESA GROSS

Common Council.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, August 23.

Present—Messrs. Bryan, Myers, Lowry, Gibbs, Jackson, McCrum, Coombs and Cadwallader, President.

Minutes of the last regular meeting and special meeting of August 17th, 1871, were read and approved.

The following bills were ordered paid:

Street Commissioner's pay roll for week ending August 23	$371 75
A. J. Fox, lumber for fire alarm bell tower	20 94
John Allen, labor and material, building cisterns on Martin street	173 81
John Allen, repairing lock-up	2 25
W. F. Howe, half ream foolscap	3 00
N. L. Willard, services as Judge of Election for City Auditor, First ward	4 50
S. H. Carpenter, services as Inspector, do	4 50
M. M. Davis, " "	4 50
Howard Bailey, services as clerk, do	4 50
George H. Bishop, " "	4 50
P. C Withrop, services as Judge Second Ward	4 50
C. A. Selden, services as Inspector do	4 50
S. T. Neill, " " "	4 50
George D. Parker, services as clerk	4 50
H. L. Hershberg, " "	4 50
Lanman Chase, services as Judge, Third ward	4 50
S. P. Rice, services as Inspector	4 50
C E Tracy " "	4 50
Peter Mebsing, services as clerk	4 50
Storey & Donelley, extra brick work on lock-up	60 00

On motion of Mr. Bryan, the City Engineer was instructed to open and prepare the bids for the construction of the main (Pine street) sewer, to be read to the Council.

On motion of Mr. Gibbs, the City Clerk was ordered to issue a new bond to the Board of Officers of the Fire Department, to take up old bond No. 46 and interest thereon.

Petition of John Stinson to cover the middle part of his store as it stands on the east side of Franklin street, was, after some discussion, on motion of Mr. Lowry, laid on the table.

Petition for improvement of alley running from Franklin street to Martin street, between Spruce and Brook streets, was, on motion of Mr. Lowry, referred to the Street Committee.

Petition of John Stinson, for privilege to build the north side of his middle building on the east side of Franklin street with brick walls and cover the same with a wooden roof, was, on motion of Mr. Gibbs, laid on the table.

A communication from a number of citizens in relation to the matter of letting contracts for improvements exceeding $300, was read.

Moved by Mr. McCrum that said communication be laid on the table.

Mr. Bryan moved as an amendment that the communication be received and placed on file. Adopted.

The certificate of the election by the Fire Department of H. W. Beverly and P. Canoly as First and Second Assistant Engineers of the Fire Department, was received from the Secretary of the Fire Department. On motion of Mr. Coombs, action on the same was deferred for one week.

A remonstrance against the opening of Oak street from Monroe street to First street, signed by the owners of all the property through which said street is proposed to be opened, was presented and read, and on motion of Mr. Bryan, laid on the table.

Mr. Bryan, of the Street Committee, on petition for the opening of Oak street from Monroe to First street, reported favorably, and moved that said street, between said points, be opened. Adopted.

On motion of Mr. Bryan, Mr. John Stinson was granted permission to put the middle part of his store, on the east side of Franklin street, in the condition in which it was before it was torn down.

A petition signed by citizens, property-holders and owners on Franklin street, between Pine street and the O. C. & A. R. R. track, asking the Council to accept the bid of Roberts & Co. to pave, grade and curb said street; also a petition signed by property-owners to adopt the bid of the Wyckoff Paving Company to pave, curb and grade said street between the points above named, were read.

It was moved by Mr. Coombs that the bid of Roberts & Co. be adopted.

After a long discussion Mr. Coombs moved as an amendment that the Ordinance Committee be instructed to prepare an ordinance (in accordance with the requirements of the city charter amendments) providing for the improvement (paving, grading and curbing) of Franklin street, between Pine street and the O. C. & A. R. R. track, with the Roberts pavement, and according to the terms specified in the bid of Roberts & Co.

Mr. McCrum then moved as an amendment to the amendment that the name of the Wyckoff Pavement Company be substituted for Roberts & Company in Mr. Coombs' motion.

The ayes and nays were then taken on the amendment to the amendment. Result—Ayes—Messrs. Bryan, Jackson, Myers, and McCrum. Nays—Messrs. Gibbs, Lowry, Coombs and Cadwallader, President. The motion was declared lost.

The ayes and nays were then taken on the amendment of Mr. Coombs. Ayes—Messrs Gibbs, Lowry, Coombs and Cadwallader, President. Nays—Messrs. Bryan, Jackson, Myers, and McCrum. The motion was declared lost.

The ayes and nays were then taken on the original motion of Mr. Coombs. Ayes—Messrs. Gibbs, Lowry, Coombs and Cadwallader, President. Nays—Messrs. Bryan, Jackson, Myers and McCrum. The motion was declared lost.

Mr. McCrum then moved that the bids for the main sewer from Church Run through Pine street westwardly, be read. Adopted.

The bids (amounting to nine) were read. Mr. McCrum then moved that the bids be placed in the hands of the Sewer Committee to contract with the lowest responsible bidder. Adopted.

Mr. Coombs called the attention of the Council to the neglect of the Sewer Committee to advertise for tile for sewers as required by the city charter amendments and moved that the Committee on Sewers be instructed to advertise for three weeks in both of the daily papers for proposals to furnish to the city tile of different sizes for sewers, also, all the fixtures and connections for said sewers enumerated in the report of the city engineer; also the price per foot, by the hundred feet, for which contractors will furnish said tile to the city.

The ayes and nays were called for and taken on this motion. Ayes—Messrs. Lowry, Coombs and Cadwallader, President. Nays—Messrs Bryan and Gibbs. The motion was declared adopted.

Mr. Gibbs presented an ordinance providing in future whenever the Council shall authorize any improvement (excepting sewerage, pavements, curbing or grading for paving) which may exceed $50 in cost, the City Engineer shall make plans and specifications of and have full charge and be responsible, that said improvement or work be done according to contract, etc, which, on his motion was adopted.

Mr. J S. Lowry, committee of one appointed to go to Cleveland to investigate title to city lot on Washington street, reported that he had visited Cleveland and seen Mr. McGarry, and learned that he was ready and willing to take all the necessary steps to supply the deficiency (viz, ten feet) existing in the measurement of land conveyed by him to the city. Mr. Lowry then moved that the City Clerk be instructed to communicate with Mr. O. K. Howe in relation to the matter. Adopted.

The Council then adjourned to Wednesday evening, August 30th.

GEO. A. CHASE, Clerk.

Proceedings of the School Board.

TITUSVILLE, Aug. 23, 1871.

Board met. Present—Messrs. Minor, Carter, Phelps, Suhr and Henderson.

Absent—Messrs. Fowler, Berry and Smith.

In the absence of the President Mr. Minor was called to the chair.

Minutes of last meeting read and approved.

The Committee on Teachers reported that Miss A. M. Clark has accepted the position of Assistant Preceptress, at a salary of $800, and on motion she was duly elected, all the members voting aye.

A communication from Miss Sadie M. Hildreth, resigning her position as teacher for the present term was placed on file.

On motion of Mr. Phelps, the Board voted that the one-half of the tuition fee of foreign scholars shall be paid during the first two weeks of the term, and the remainder during the middle week of the term.

On motion of Mr. Phelps the Board instructed the President and Secretary to issue a bond for $2,700, bearing date August 1, 1871, to run three and one-half years, and to bear interest at the rate of eight per cent. per annum, to pay for school house lot on the south side of the creek.

Several proposals to build the school house on the south side of the creek were received and read, and on motion of Mr. Carter the contract was awarded to Messrs. Werner & Wilson at the price of $1,194.80, their bid being the lowest; provided they give sufficient security that the house shall be completed within thirty days from this date, otherwise the contract shall be let to the next highest bidder, on the same conditions.

In accordance with a previous resolution, the fall term of all the schools will commence on next Monday, the 28th inst., excepting the academic department, which will open on Monday, the 4th day of September. W. M. HENDERSON, Sec'y.

TWO THOUSAND bushels old oats, and 10,000 bushels new oats, in store and for sale by D. R. HERRON, Mechanic street, between Perry and Washington.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

$25 REWARD!

For the detection and exposure of the Man who wantonly defaced and destroyed the Cut Stone Columns, for the Second National Bank, in my workyard on Washington street. This malicious act was done about 9 o'clock last Wednesday night, and I will pay the above reward for the detection of the offender.
aug25-3t D. ROBERTSON.

GIRL WANTED,

To do only WASHING AND IRONING.
Wages $5.00 per week. Inquire at
MRS. C. A. SELDEN'S
Southwest corner of Main and Washington sts.
aug25-dtf

$10 REWARD.

STRAYED OR STOLEN,

From my place in Pleasantville, a small cream-colored Cow, about eight years old, with white forehead and a slit in right ear.
THOMAS PLUNKETT,
aug25-tf Titusville Pipe Co's. Office.

LOST.

A prepaid PASSAGE CERTIFICATE, INMAN LINE, from Liverpool to New York, and Rail to Titusville, No. 2,448, in favor of GEORGE COX, between Titusville and Pithole. Finder will be rewarded by leaving it at P. & M. Bank, Titusville, or Bank in Pleasantville.
1t* JOHN SUTTON.

SONTAG'S PATENT

IMPROVEMENT OF

Jar Movement of Rock Drills.

With the new patented Boring Instrument I make holes fourteen inches, with the iron rope, and larger with poles. The Mining Public are requested to address the inventor,

H. SONTAG,

In HEPBURN HOTEL, TITUSVILLE.
aug25-d1w

BUTTER!
BUTTER!
BUTTER!!!

Great Bargains.

THE BEST CHAUTAUQUA BUTTER

At Wholesale, 22½c; at Retail, 25c per pound, at

S. SHIPMAN'S,

No. 15 East Franklin Street,
aug25-dtf Oppos te Union Express office.

WANTED—

A STATIONARY BOILER,

Twenty horse power, make of Woodbury, Booth & Co., Rochester, N. Y. Address
T. FROTHINGHAM,
aug25-3t Petroleum Centre.

WANTED—

To purchase a good Second-hand 15 to 20

HORSE POWER PORTABLE BOILER

Also a good Engine, 12 to 15 Horse-power. Address BOILER, "Herald Office," Stating maker, condition and price. aug25-d

FOR SALE.

A Quantity of

STORE SHELVING and TWO COUNTERS.

Can be seen at the building corner of Arch and Franklin streets. For terms, apply at
a21-tf HERALD OFFICE.

A. TALAMO.

Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes, and Decoration Paper, Decorating And Paper Hanging,

HOUSE & SIGN PAINTING,

SASH, DOORS, & BLINDS,

FRENCH AND AMERICAN

WINDOW GLASS.

CORNER OF

PERRY AND SPRING STS,

aug24 TITUSVILLE.

WANTED—

CHAMBERMAID, COOK,
AND TABLE GIRL,
At the International Hotel,
CHARLES RODEL, Proprietor.
aug24-3t Spring and Diamond sts.

DESIRABLE

ROOMS TO RENT,

Over Mr. Thomas Goodwin's Restaurant, Apply to
MR. C. POTTINO,
aug24-tf Hair Dresser, in the building.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT,

A REFINERY IN GOOD WORKING ORDER

At Petroleum Centre. Capacity, 65 barrels per day, with two acres of Land, fee simple, and five Houses, will be sold cheap. Apply to
ROBERT ORR,
aug 24-1m Petroleum Centre.

TAKEN UP—

A STAY HOG,

That has done considerable damage on my premises. The owner can recover the animal by proving property and paying charges.
P. M. GUILD,
Plank Road, near Johnson House.
aug24-3t

GIRL WANTED—

TO DO GENERAL HOUSEWORK,

Except cooking. Apply to-day, at southwest corner of Main and Washington streets.
MRS. C. A. SELDEN.

ST. BENEDICT'S ACADEMY

FOR YOUNG LADIES,

Ninth Street, Erie, Penna.

This institution is under the direction of the Benedictine Sisters. It is situated in a beautiful and retired part of the city, overlooking the waters of the Lake.
Board and tuition, with washing, bed and bedding, $75.
Entrance fee, $5.
Music, languages, (except German), painting, drawing and fancy work form extra charges.
For particulars apply for a prospectus to
aug22-3m SR. M. EDITH, O.S.B., Directress.

OFFICE TO RENT.

A DESIRABLE SINGLE OFFICE TO RENT

In the Fertig Block. Inquire of
C. B. HAMMOND,
Chase & Stewart Block.
Titusville, July 7.-tf

TEN RELIABLE AGENTS

WANTED

to introduce A NEW ARTICLE wanted in every family. Pays 33 per cent. Apply at once to
S. G. COLLINS & CO.,
jy27tf 33 Diamond street, Titusville.

GRAND PICNIC

AT

Kelley's Grove

ON

FRIDAY, 25th of AUGUST,

BY THE

M. & B. UNION NO. 21.

Refreshments on the ground. Dancing to commence at one o'clock.
Coleman's Band will furnish the music.
The public generally are invited.
aug23-d3t By order of the Committee

DISSOLUTION.

The Firm of N. A. Lanphear & Co. has been this day dissolved by mutual consent. All outstanding accounts in favor of said firm will be collected by N. A. Lanphear, who will also continue the coal business at the old stand at the foot of Perry street.
N. A. LANPHEAR,
J. B. POTTER,
E. WRIGHT.
W. H. L. SMITH.
Titusville, June 30, 1871. aug1tf

NewspaperARCHIVE®

NewspaperARCHIVE®

Titusville Morning Herald.

Fashionable Notes.

Sailors' hats are voted absurd for maidens of forty.

Our grandmothers' lace collars are again in fashion.

Black grenadine is a fashionable material for afternoon tailets.

White breakfast robes are profusely embroidered with black braid.

White muslin or tulle is the fashionable material for evening dresses.

White flannel breakfast jackets are pretty and fashionable.

Pearl jewelry is very much in fashion this season, especially pearl necklaces.

La Seville, a bit of headgear, more a hat than a bonnet, is among the styles.

Tortoise shell bird cages are among some of the recent London importations.

White leather harness has been introduced by a sporting man at Long Branch.

Dame Fashion's latest edict cautions ladies not to wear colored linen collars or cuffs.

Drab is the aristocratic color for coachmen's livery among the Newport cottagers.

Parisian bonnets of white lace, with orange blossom ornaments are in vogue for brides.

Light colored silks are much in favor for afternoon or evening dresses, especially blue and lilac.

A portable croquet pavilion of silk costs thirty-five dollars, and is warranted to retain its color.

Aristocratic matrons at Newport are wearing coronets of diamonds and other precious stones.

Wide hemstetched handkerchiefs are once more in fashion, and are ornamented in the centre with initial or monogram.

A pretty bathing suit for a young lady is of white French flannel, bound with blue, black or red braid, and made with tight sleeves.

Fashionable colors for summer gloves—Putty color, strawberries and cream, smoke color, tea rose, primrose, pale tan and *cuir* color.

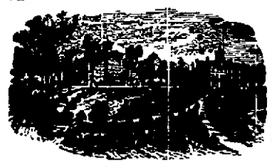
Traveling suits are made of plain materials and subdued colors, a fact which will be hailed with delight by admirers of sense and beauty.

A belle at Newport has a wardrobe which fills seven huge trunks. No less that eight lace sacks are included in the extraordinary list.

Pretty bathing dresses are of white English flannel trimmed with blue or black cloth; large diamonds on the bottom of the skirt and waist.

Large white lace collars, like those worn by our grandmothers, appear to have rapidly revived in fashion both in this country and in Europe.

Queen Mary shoes have a wide silver buckle, high flat heel, and wide, black bow at the instep. Those who wear them generally fall down stairs.



CHAMBERLIN INSTITUTE AND FEMALE COLLEGE,
RANDOLPH, N. Y.

A Boarding School for both sexes. Thorough and progressive. Let those who are looking for an institution of high grade, send for a catalogue. Fall term begins Tuesday, Aug. 22. Address
june29-wsw REV. J. T. EDWARDS.

POSTAL ANNOUNCEMENT.

TITUSVILLE, June 14, 1871.

OFFICE HOURS.

Week days.....8:30 a. m. to 8:00 p. m.
Sundays.....12:00 m. to 1:00 p. m.
Saturdays.....Close at 8:30 p. m.

MAILS CLOSE

6:45 a. m.

Oil City, Franklin, Meadville, Erie, Cincinnati Allegheny Valley R. R., Pittsburgh and vicinity West Virginia, Buffalo, Canada, Western, Central and Northern New York, Cleveland, Chicago and the West.
Pleasantville, Southwest, Lambs.

11:00 a. m.

New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Harrisburg, Washington, New England States, and postal car east of Salamanca.

12:00 m.

Way stations to Irvine, Franklin, Meadville; Pleasantville, Southwest, Lambs.
Diamond, Sunville, Wallacville and Plum on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

4:00 p. m.

Way stations to Brocton and Erie, Cleveland, the Western and South Western and Pacific States, Buffalo, Canada and New York State; New York, Boston and New England States; Philadelphia, Harrisburg, Washington and Southern Atlantic States.

7:00 p. m.

Pittsburgh and vicinity, and West Virginia.

MAILS ARRIVE.

8.30 a. m.

New York, New England States. Philadelphia, Washington and points south, Oil City, Meadville, Pittsburgh and vicinity.

10:30 a. m., 3:30 p. m.

Pleasantville, Southwest and Lambs.

11:00 a. m.

Freeport Wallacville, Sunville, Diamond and Plum Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

1:00 p. m.

Philadelphia, Erie, Buffalo, Cleveland, Western States; Western, Central and Northern New York, stations north to Buffalo, and to Salamanca.

2:40 p. m.

New York, Boston, New England States, and from postal car running from New York to Salamanca.

5:15 p. m.

Way Mail from Pittsburgh, Franklin, Meadville and Irvine.

7:45 p. m.

Erie, Buffalo, Canada and Western New York.

MONEY ORDERS

Drawn on 1,800 Postoffices in the United States.
NO DANGER OF LOSS.

Rates of Commission.

On Orders not exceeding $20.....10 cents
Over $20 and not exceeding $30.....15 cents
Over $30 and not exceeding $40.....20 cents
Over $40 and not exceeding $50.....25 cents
N. B.—The law prohibits the issuing or paying of Money Orders on Sundays.
Registers registered to all offices in the United States, Canada and Europe.
J. M. COGSWELL, P. M.

YOUNG LADIES' SCHOOL!

Miss Mary E. Mickles,

A graduate of Rutger's Institute, New York, announces that she will open a school for girls only, Sept. 7th, at Bross' Hall, corner of Main and Franklin streets, entrance on Main street, where she may be seen on and after Sept 5th by those who wish to place their daughters in her charge. No exertion or expense will be spared to make the school all that parents can desire. References by permission: Rev. Alex. Sneddon, Rev. Wm. F. Bigonyl, J. A. Coutant, P. W. Garfield, J. H. Cogswell. aug19-dlm

TITUSVILLE SEMINARY,

PERRY STREET,

Opens on the 21st of August. Course of instruction—All English branches; Languages, Classic and Modern; Drawing; Painting; Tapistry; Embroidery; Vocal and instrumental Music.
☞ Particular should note well that NO SECTARIANISM will be inculcated. The art of the highest order in every department has been secured. Boarding pupils should apply immediately.
Evening classes will open on the 1st of October. For terms or further information apply to
A. E. CONLAN,
aug13-d&wtf Principal.

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.—The partnership heretofore existing between Duncan, Geider & Co. is this day dissolved by the entire sale of stock to Duncan, Backus & Co. All debts due the late firm and demands against the same will be settled by
M. C. GEIDER.
Shaw Farm, August 1, 1871—aug5tf

WANTED.

BOARDERS,
at No. 56 West Main street, by
aug7tf MRS. JONATHAN LOCKE.

INSURANCE.

INSURANCE!

CAPITAL, $50,000,000!

FIRE!

Risks Taken and Policies Issued

this Office, in the
Ætna, of Hartford,
Home, of New York,
North America, of Phila.,
Franklin, of Phila.,
Hanover, of New York,
International, do.,
Wyoming, Wilksbarre, Pa.
Norwich, Norwich, Conn.,
National, of Boston,
Royal, of Liverpool,
Cleveland, of Cleveland,
Pacific, of San Francisco.
Security, of New York.
Alps, Erie, Pa.
Andes, Cincinnati, O.

Oil in Store and in Transit
Taken at Equitable Rates
Merchandise Risks
At Rates of the National Board.
First Class Dwellings
As Low as any other Sound Companies.

F. Bates & Co., Agts.
No 9 Franklin Street.
FRED BATES. SIMON B. TIFFT.
1dec tf

ALPS

INSURANCE CO.,

Of Erie, Pa.

F. BATES & CO.,

AGENTS,

No. 9 North Franklin street.

TITUSVILLE PA.

Cash Capital Paid Up, $250,000
Authorized Capital.... $500,000

OFFICERS.

HON. O. NOBLE.....President
HON. JOHN F. VINCENT.....Vice President
H. W. NOBLE.....Treasurer
M. RUSH WARNER.....Secretary

DIRECTORS.

Hon. O. Noble,	Erie,	W. H. Abbott,	Titusville.
" John F. Vincent,	"	John Fertig,	"
" Baldwin Marvin,	"	F. H. Gibbs,	"
John W. Hammond,	"	Wm. B. Sterrett,	"
Henry Rawle,	"	Hon. G. B. Delamater,	"
G. T. Churchill,	"	Meadville.	
C. Hazlehurst,	"	Hiram Daggett,	Girard.
Chas. M. Reed, Jr.,	"	Capt. D. P. Dobbins,	
H. W. Noble,	"	Buffalo.	
Richard O'Brien,	"	H. S. Southard,	North
M. Hartlett,	"	East.	
Jas. E. Neill,	"	Capt. J. S. Richards,	Erie.

☞ Insurance to be good for anything, must cost something, and he who tries to buy it for less than cost, tampers with the strength of the very instrument he is purchasing. Give us then fair rates and we will give you good insurance—Insurance that Means Indemnity.
Policies issued on all kinds of Merchandise, Stores, Dwelling Houses, Barns and their contents, and all other insurable property, including PETROLEUM. All policies cover loss or damage by lightning whether fire occurs or not.
ja23 M. RUSH WARNER, Secretary

OPERA HOUSE

MUSIC STORE!

Great Reduction in Prices!

I can see no reason for charging people from one to two hundred per cent. more for musical instruments than they have to pay for other articles of trade.

I purpose keeping constantly on hand a fine assortment of

Pianos,
Organs,
Melodeons,
Guitars,
Sheet Music,
Stools, &c.,

Which I offer to the public at a margin corresponding with other articles of trade. My motto is

QUICK SALES.

R. H. SARGENT.

Titusville, June 13, 1871.—tf

N. B. Mr. H. B. Loomis is my only authorized agent for making collections, and transacting business pertaining to the music trade.

Beaver Seminary

—AND—

Musical Institute!

Rev. R. T. Taylor, D. D., Prin.,

Opens its Seventeenth Year September 12th. Buildings extensive. Grounds ample and tastefully laid out. Rooms large and cheerful, well furnished, warmed by grates. Course thorough and practical. Superior advantages for music, vocal and instrumental. Pupils board in family of Principal. Refer to H. S. Bates, Titusville; R. Richardson, Tarr Farm; Clark Hawkins, Pleasantville. Send for catalogue to
1y18d&wtw R. T. TAYLOR, Beaver, Pa.

PHILADELPHIA & ERIE R R

SUMMER TIME TABLE.

On and after MONDAY, AUG 7, 1871, the trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Railroad will run as follows:

WESTWARD TRAINS.

	Phil'a.	War'n.	Corry.	Erie.
Mail.....	7 10 pm	1 14 pm	2 00 pm	3 30 pm
Erie Express..	12 30 "	4 48 am	6 20 am	7 40 am
War'n Accm..	——	7 15 am	9 00 "	10 25 "
Erie "	"	4 40 pm	6 15 pm	8 30 pm

EASTWARD TRAINS.

	Erie.	Corry.	Warren	Phil'a.
Mail.....	11 30 am	1 10 pm	2 17 pm	7 30 am
Erie Express..	9 00 pm	10 35 "	11 51 pm	3 00 pm
War'n Accm..	5 00 "	8 15 "	8 20 pm	——
Erie Accom....	7 50 am	10 10 am	11 40 am	——

Mail East connects east and west at Erie with L. S. & M. S. R. W. and at Corry and Irvineton with Oil Creek and Allegheny R. R. W.
Mail West with west bound trains on L. S. & M. S. R. W., and at Corry and Irvineton with Oil Creek and Allegheny R. R. W.
Warren Accommodation east and west with trains on L. S. & M. S. R. W. east and west, and at Corry with the O. C. & A. R. R. W.
Erie Accommodation east at Corry and west at Corry and Irvineton with O. C. & A. R. R. W.
WM. A. BALDWIN, Gen. Supt.

CAR TANKS

For Sale Cheap.

in perfect order, and ready for immediate use.

Capacity from 43 to 50 bbls

O. C. PHILLIPS,
aug25-tf 25 Spring block.

COAL AND LUMBER.

DRY LUMBER,

Flooring, Ceiling, Siding

—AND—

DRESSED LUMBER

From Stock

SEASONED TWO YEARS.

STOCK BOARDS—8, 10, 12, 14, 16 INCHES.

ASH CEILING AND WAINSCOTING.

Dutch Siding,

a new thing.

FENCE PICKETS,

Dressed and Pointed.

Pine Side---Walk Plank.

HEMLOCK; FRAMING LUMBER, SHINGLES, &c., &c.

Orders received for bills of lumber for any part of the

OIL REGIONS,

To be sent direct from our mills at

VANDALIA, NEW YORK,

at wholesale prices
Corner of Brown and Spring streets, Titusville.
d-tf ROY, STONE & CO.

LUMBER & COAL

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

All Kinds Lumber

BILLS SAWED TO ORDER.

Glossburg, Bituminous.

ANTHRACITE COAL.

Lime, Cement, Plaster, Brick, Marble Dust.

Agent for the Fall Brook, Morris Run and Bloss Coal Mining Co--Blossburg Coal.

Hale's Old Stand.

1dec tf **A. J. FOX.**

COAL! COAL!

F. W. Abbott & Co.,

SUCCESSORS TO

W. H. ABBOTT.

Dealers in all kinds of COAL, at the old stand,

West End of Pine Street.

P. O. address, Box 1312, Titusville, Pa.
17feb'tf

Chapin & Lardner

DEALERS IN

ANTHRACITE

—AND—

Bituminous Coal.

OFFICE—Opposite Depot. 5dec-tf

HYDETOWN MILLS.

Charles Hyde,

Manufacturer and dealer in all kinds of Lumber, Lath, Sash, Doors, Blinds, Pickets, Mouldings, Dressed Siding, &c. Orders left at Second National Bank will be promptly filled. 1octtf

SOMETHING UNLOOKED FOR

Nevertheless a Fact!

J. C. HAMILTON,

Is prepared now to receive orders for, and execute the same in the best and finest style of the age, anything in the line of PAINTING, such as

House, Sign, Carriage, Ornamental and Fresco Painting,

Graining, Paper Hanging, Decorative or Plain.

I have had the experience of years in the business, and am a PRACTICAL WORKMAN. This, together with the fact that I have in my employ the very best artists in the several branches, enumerated above that can be found, must be a

Guarantee of Good Work.

I have secured the services of

MR. C. S. SMITH,

late of Philadelphia, who is a good practical decorator and fresco painter, and has proven himself master of his art, and has with him and carries the BEST OF REFERENCES from many different parts of the United States,

MR. T. U. FINCK,

my GRAINER, needs no commending, for his work tells wherever he works. I claim that with my experience and employed talent, that I can give entire satisfaction in every part of the business, and do work as cheap as any other establishment of the kind in the county, or even better and cheaper considering the quality of my work, than any foreign talent that is in our midst. Now all, or any one that has anything in my line to do that will give me a chance, I will prove to their entire satisfaction that I can and will do any part or all that I assert herein, and even more. Sign and shade shop on Pine street, opposite Jonathan Watson's office. Paint shop on Spring street, opposite the United States Hotel.
may24-tf J. C. HAMILTON.

J. D. Dezendorf & Co.,

Washington St., Corry, Pa.,

Wholesale and Retail

Hardware Dealers.

Westenholms & Rogers'

Pocket Cutlery,

PLATED AND IVORY TABLE CUTLERY,

Disston's Circular, Mill, X Cut

AND SMALL SAWS,

John Rothery's Files.

Revolvers, Cartridges, Powder and Shot, Nails, Iron, &c., &c. 1y24

PHOTOGRAPHY.

PICTURES

FOR THE

HOLIDAYS!

....AT....

MATHER'S

PHOTOGRAPH

ROOMS,

CHASE A STEWART BLOCK.

The Largest and Most Complete Rooms west of N. Y. City.

ALL KINDS, ALL SIZES,

Plain and Colored,

IN WATER,

Pastel, Oil or Ink.

LARGEST STOCK OF

FRAMES

IN THE OIL REGION.

☞ MATHER having made VIEWS for the past ten years, can fill all orders for Stereoscopic, medium size and large, of any points in the Oil Region.
del tf JOHN A. MATHER.

J. C. GOETCHIUS,

PHOTOGRAPHIC

ARTIST,

Commercial Block,

COR. FRANKLIN AND SPRING STS.,

TITUSVILLE, PA.

The largest and most complete rooms in the city. All the modern classes of pictures, from the smallest to life size, either plain or colored in oil, India ink, pastel or water colors, and in the highest style of the art. A specialty made in copying and enlarging by a solar camera. Views made to order. Large, and stereoscopic oil views made for wholesale and retail trade. Stereoscopic views of the Holy Land in sets, THE BEST. A varied assortment of

FRAMES.

Oval square and fancy patterns. A full line of MOULDINGS made up to order. All work first-class. Prices the lowest.
oct24 dawtf J. C. GOETCHIUS.

D. HARRIS & BRO.

NO. 41 SPRING ST.

TITUSVILLE, PA.,

HAVE REDUCED PRICES UPON ALL THEIR

Spring & Summer

GOODS!

And now offer

Special Inducements

To All Desirous of Purchasing.

PIQUES

—AND—

SUMMER DRESS GOODS

Will be closed out

Regardless of Cost.

We still retain the agency of the celebrated

H. SEAMLESS & MARQUISE

KID GLOVES,

1 and 2 Buttons.

Every Pair Guaranteed.

A full line of which is constantly on hand, as well as a first class assortment of

Fancy and Domestic

DRY GOODS

IN GENERAL.

Call Early and Secure Good Bargains.

D. Harris & Bro.

41 Spring Street.
jy20tf

Junius Harris,

Sawing, Turning, and Planing Mill,

EAST WALNUT STREET, between MARTIN and DRAKE STREETS,

Manufacturer and Dealer in all kinds of dry Lumber, suitable for building purposes. SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, NEWEL BALUSTERS, Stair Railing and Trimmings, Brackets, Fence Pickets, Window and Door Frames, Builders' Mouldings in all varieties, and everything needed in the erection of a first-class building.
Also Contracts executed for the erection of all kind of buildings. 1y24

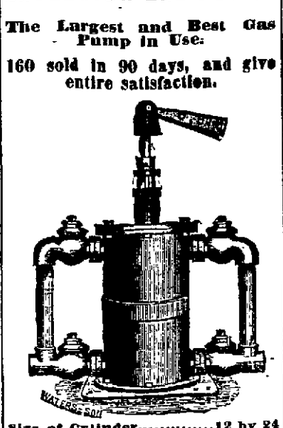
MISCELLANEOUS.

DOUBLE ACTING

EXCELSIOR GAS PUMP!

The Largest and Best Gas Pump in Use:

160 sold in 90 days, and give entire satisfaction.



Size of Cylinder.....12 by 24
Size of Valves.....3 inches
Weight of Pump.....550 lbs

This Pump is not excelled for durability, simplicity and workmanship, and creates a greater vacuum with 30 to 40 per cent. less power than any now in use. This Pump has Steel Spring Rings so constructed as to create a very slight friction, and are self-packing. The valves and ports are large, to admit of a free suction and discharge of the gas. The valve seats are protected by a leather gasket on the valve to obviate any wear to the valve seat or valve.

H. FREEMAN, AGENT,
PETROLEUM CENTRE, PA

REFERENCES:

Mr. H. FREEMAN, Petroleum Centre, Agent for the Excelsior Gas Pump:

DEAR SIR: We are using the "Double Acting Excelsior Gas Pump," purchased of you, and consider them far superior in suction and durability to any other Gas Pump heretofore used:
CADY & THOMPSON, Titusville.
T. J. NOTTINGHAM, Tarr Farm.
PARKER & PERRIN, "
ROBERT DUFFIELD, "
PHILLIPS & BOYLES, Petroleum Centre.
KEPLER & WORDEN, "
F. G. IRWIN, Rouseville.
N. P. STONE, "
A. H. BRONSON, Shamburg.
JAS. S. McCRAY, McCray Farm.
WILLIAM HOPKWELL, Pioneer.

☞ Stock constantly on hand. Orders solicited and promptly filled. aug14-tf

WOOL WOOL!!

WOOL!

STRAUSS & STETTHEIMER

WILL PAY THE

HIGHEST MARKET PRICE FOR

WOOL

At their Store,

Corinthian Hall Block,

Titusville, Pa.
june3-tf

Fire! Fire! Fire!

No. 13 Spring Street,

CORINTHIAN HALL BLOCK.

Great Bargains

FOR THE NEXT THIRTY DAYS.

We commence this day to sell our entire stock of FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

DRY GOODS,

CONSISTING OF DRESS SILKS, POPLINS, SPLENDID LINE OF DRESS GOODS AND SHAWLS, FANCY GOODS, NOTIONS, DOMESTICS, CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES,

partly damaged by smoke and water, occasioned by the fire of the 16th inst.

Great Reduction in Prices!

Most of this stock is entirely new, having been bought but a few weeks ago. Call early and secure some of the bargains. Such opportunites are seldom offered to the public. We also state that one of the firm will go east in a few days to purchase an entire new stock, which will take the place of the goods we now offer at so great a sacrifice.

STRAUSS & STETTHEIMER,
13 Spring St., Corinthian Hall Block, Titusville.
apr27-tf

TITUSVILLE CITY MILLS.

South Franklin St.

PIQUES

—AND—

With greatly increased facilities, and a new run of stone for the manufacture of a superior grade of

Family Flour,

We invite the attention and custom of the public.

We shall be able to promptly supply any article in our line of an

EXTRA FINE QUALITY,

And offer for inspection the following Price List

FLOUR—Star (white wheat) per bbl.....	$8 00
" Excelsior, (amber wheat).....	7 00
" American, (spring wheat).....	6 00
" Graham, (white wheat).....	7 00
" " (amber wheat).....	6 00
" Rye.....	5 00
" Buckwheat, per pound.....	04
CORN AND OATS CHOP, per 100.....	1 90
CORN MEAL, per 100.....	2 00
BRAN, per 100.....	1 50

Liberal Discount to the Trade.

Goods delivered in any part of the city free of charge. JOHN EASON & CO.,
Post Office Box 174, Proprietor.
aug21-d&wtf

C. A. DURFEY

Agent for the

MONITOR,

And other engines manufactured by the

ERIE CITY IRON WORKS,

ERIE, PA.

Also Portable and stationery Boilers. Stock always on hand.
Offices and salesroom, corner Perry and Mechanic streets, Titusville, Pa. aug14-6m

UNION EXPRESS COMPANY,

Office 60 Franklin street,

(First door south of Bryan, Dillingham & Co.'s)

TITUSVILLE, PA.,

General Forwarders of Money, Jewelry, Valuables, Merchandise and Produce, Drafts, Notes, Bills and Accounts promptly collected at all the principal cities and towns in the United States and Canadas.

Only Direct Line to Philadelphia, Baltimore and the South.

Direct line to all points in the Oil Region. Messengers on all trains.
Wagons of the Company call at any part of the city upon orders being left on Call Book at the office.
may 22-tf C. G. ROBINSON, Agent.

ANCHOR LINE STEAMERS.

SAIL EVERY WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY, TO AND FROM NEW YORK AND GLASGOW.
Calling at Londonderry to land mails and passengers.
The steamers of this favorite line are built expressly for the Atlantic Passenger Trade, and fitted up in every respect with all the modern improvements calculated to insure the safety, comfort, and convenience of passengers.
Passenger Rates, payable in currency, to Glasgow, Liverpool and Londonderry:
FIRST CABIN, $65 AND $75, ACCORDING TO LOCATION. CABIN RETURN TICKETS, $130, securing best accommodations.
INTERMEDIATE, - - $35. STEERAGE, - - $28.
Parties sending for their friends in the Old Country can purchase tickets at reduced rates. For further particulars apply to HENDERSON BROTHERS, 7 Bowling Green, N. Y. Or to C. C. D. UFFIELD, Savings Bank, Titusville.
apr4-d&wtm

J. A. COUTANT,

NOW

COUTANT & WEBSTER,

REAL ESTATE AGENTS.

Oil Lands and City Property for sale.

We have some very desirable Oil property, situated at Bully Hill, at Prentice, and on the river near Foster, and in the Pleasantville District.

For sale at our Headquarters in Parshall Block, Spring street—which is the Office for the sale of lots in Watson's Addition to Titusville and office of Woodlawn Cemetery, and among our other City property may be found some very desirable residences for sale.
july15 COUTANT & WEBSTER.

GROCERIES.

Attractive Prices.

WM. FIBBS & BRO.,

No. 22 Spring St.,

Two Doors West of American Hotel.

We are constantly receiving New Attractions to our well selected stock of

Family Groceries,

Which we offer at extremely low Prices. Also,

FOREIGN FRUITS

Which we are receiving in large quantities for the Wholesale Trade, such as

Oranges, Lemons, Pine Apples, Bananas, &c.

We also have arrangements with the Fruit and Vegetable Growers from whom we receive our Fruit and Vegetables fresh, and also saving to our customers two or three per cent. less than they have to pay if they buy from any other house. Remember the place,

22 SPRING STREET.

june 5-tf WM. FIBBS & BRO.

WILLIAM METZ

Has Changed His Base!

And can now be found in the

SHERMAN & BEEBE BLOCK,

Cor. Pine and Washington streets

Where he will sell you

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS,

Deliver them promptly at your house and give

ENTIRE SATISFACTION

Every time. Drop in and see him as you go down town. june15-tf

New First Class Grocery House,

Centre street, Oil City, opposite the Exchange Hotel. Messrs. H. M. HALL & CO respectfully announce to the citizens of Oil City and vicinity the opening of the above store for the sale of Choice Family Supplies, Provisions, Fruit, Vegetables, Confectionery, and Staple and Fancy Groceries, at the very lowest cash prices. Over fifteen years experience, and thorough acquaintance with the business and the best markets, enables us to buy the choicest goods at the very lowest cash prices. Everything to be found in a really first class house, strictly choice and fresh, will be found here at prices that will defy competition. Butter, Eggs, and Early Vegetables, Strawberries, Fruit, &c., in the season, received daily. A fine Soda Water Fountain in full play. Please give us a trial. Mr. Edward Wheeler, of Reynolds, Brodhead & Co, is interested in the new firm, and will be pleased to see his friends at the new store. H. M. HALL & CO,
Oil City, June 7, 1871-tf Red Front, Centre st.

RUSS & DAVIDSON,

Dealers in

Furniture,

Carpets,

Oil Cloths,

Cocoa Mattings, White & Check Mattings,

ALL WIDTHS.

Parlor, Chamber and Dining Room Sets.

Undertaking promptly attended to by a practical Undertaker. Metallic Caskets, Cases and Coffins, of all sizes, constantly on hand. A Splendid Hearse for funeral attendance.
☞ Two Doors from the Opera House, Exchange Spring street, Titusville, Pa. mh23tf

D. R. HERRON,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer

—IN—

Flour, Grain,

Feed, Hay and Straw.

We keep always on hand a full stock of the best

Brands of Flour.

Goods delivered in any part of the city. Warehouse

Mechanic Street,

my20-tf Between Perry and Washington.

CARD.

BOUGHTON & CHANDLER

SUCCEED K. BRET & SON

As our Agents for Engines and Boilers. Said Boughton & Co. will settle all outstanding accounts.

GEO. W. TIFT, SONS & CO.

OFFICE

BOUGHTON & CHANDLER,

No. 9, Chase & Stewart Block.

Titusville, July 17, 1871.—jy18tf

GOOD BARGAINS

OFFERED IN

REAL ESTATE.

I have one of the finest pieces of BUSINESS PROPERTY for sale, suitable for any manufacturing business, and will sell it at a bargain.
TWENTY-EIGHT RESIDENCES for sale in different parts of the city. Also, ONE LOT ON PERRY STREET. My Real Estate Agency was established in 1863, and is still recognized as headquarters for real estate transactions. This is OFFICIAL. {mh3-tf} GEO. J. SHERMAN.

CITY LAUNDRY,

KINGSLAND'S BLOCK, corner Franklin and Pine street, Titusville, Pa. Any article of wearing apparel washed and done up on the shortest notice. Charges moderate and satisfaction guaranteed. G. B. WILLIAMS,
Successor to Lyon & Scott.

HENRY E. PICKET,

BROKER AND DEALER IN

REAL ESTATE,

88 Washington Street,

CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.

I would respectfully call the attention of my friends, acquaintances and others in the oil region and elsewhere, to my facilities for the

Safe and Profitable

investment of capital in the BEST property on the continent.

HENRY E. PICKETT.

N. B. Refer to the prominent business men of Titusville and the Oil region. mh28-tf

OIL LAND TO LEASE.

A lease of ten acres can be obtained on the Caldwell Farm at one-fourth royalty, by any responsible party. This farm has now seven producing wells, some of which have yielded steadily since 1861. The territory is very reliable.
WM. C. CHAPIN, Sup't.
mh28tf Office opp. Titusville Freight Depot.

RAILROADS.

OIL CREEK & ALLEGHENY R R

SOUTHWARD TRAINS—AUGUST 15, 1871.

STATIONS.	1st Class. 4 A. M.	2 A. M.	6 P. M.	2d Class. 12 A. M.	20 A. M.	10 P. M.
CORRY.....	6:15	11:00	5:50	.....	9:00	1:15
Spartansburg..	6 42	11:35	6:24	.....	9:10	*1:43
Glyndon.....	*6:54	11:47	6:37	.....	9:30	*1:54
Centreville....	*7:04	11:55	6:46	.....	9:54	*2:03
Tryonville....	*7:12	12:03	6:55	.....	10:20	*2:12
Hydetown.....	7:25	12:15	7:10	.....	10:59	*2:25
TITUSV'LLE AR	7:35	12:25	7:25	.....	11:20	2:35
TITUSV'LLE DP	7:42	12:45	7:40	6:15	11:45	3:00
Miller Farm...	8:02	1:03	7:59	6:56	12:15	3:26
Shaffer.....	8 07	*1:05	*8:03	7:50	12:20	*3:45
Pioneer.....	8:17	1:18	8:10	7:40	12:43	3:45
PET CENT'R AR	8:25	1:25	8:23	7:55	1:05	3:55
PET CENT'R DP	8:28	1:28	8:30	8:10	1:28	4 15
Columbia.....	8:55	1:55	*8:38	8:20	1:50	*4 26
Tarr Farm....	9:40	1:38	8:42	8:30	2:05	4:33
Rynd Farm....	8:46	*1:44	*8:50	8:46	2:15	*4:45
Rouseville....	8:53	1:49	8:56	9:00	2:30	4:54
McClintock....	*8:56	1:53	9:00	9:05	2 40	5:00
OIL CITY. DP	9:10	2:05	9:15	9:25	3:00	5:20
Oleopolis.....	9:15	2:10	.....	10:15	3 30	.....
Eagle Rock....	9:45	2:36	.....	11:10	4:25	.....
Petrolia.....	9:56	2:46	.....	11:32	4:50	.....
President.....	9:59	*2:50	.....	11:38	*4:56	.....
Tionesta.....	10:23	3:12	.....	12:30	5:37	.....
Hickory.....	10 44	3:32	.....	1:20	*6:15	.....
Trunkeyville..	10:54	3:41	.....	1:45	6:43	.....
TIDIOUTE.....	11:12	4:00	.....	2:45	7:25	.....
Irvineton.....	12:01	4:40	.....	4:05	8:40	.....
	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.

ADDITIONAL SECOND-CLASS TRAINS.

SOUTHWARD.	14 A.M.	16 A.M.	22 A.M.	18 P.M.
CORRY.....	6.15	11.45	.....	.....
TITUSVILLE AR.	8.35	2.05	.....	.....
TITUSVILLE DP.	9.50	.....	10.45	4.05
Miller.....	9.25	.....	11.20	4.45
Pioneer.....	*9.40	.....	11.50	5.15
PET. CENTRE AR.	9.48	.....	12.05	5.30
PET. CENTRE DP.	9.58	.....	12.30	5.35
Columbia.....	10.11	.....	12.48	6.00
Tarr Farm.....	10 18	.....	1.05	6.10
Rynd Farm.....	10.27	.....	1.20	6.25
Rouseville.....	10.35	.....	1.35	6.35
McClintock.....	*10 40	.....	1.41	6.40
OIL CITY.....	11 00	.....	2.05	6.55

NORTHWARD TRAINS.

STATIONS.	1st Class. 5 P. M.	3 P. M.	1 P. M.	2d Class. 19 A. M.	11 A. M.	9 A. M.
IRVINETON.	.....	12.45	5.05	6.00	7.45	.....
TIDIOUTE....	.....	1.30	5.49	7 20	9.25	.....
Trunkeyville..	.....	1.45	6.05	*8.05	10.15	.....
Hickory.....	.....	1.54	6.15	*8.20	10.44	.....
Tionesta.....	.....	2.14	6.34	8.54	11.40	.....
President.....	.....	*2.35	*6.55	*9.30	12.21	.....
Eagle Rock....	.....	2.38	*6.59	*9.35	12.32	.....
Oleopolis.....	.....	2.47	7.09	10.05	1.04	.....
OIL CITY.. AR	A. M.	3.15	7.35	10.55	1.50	A. M.
OIL CITY.. DP	6.00	3 20	7.40	11.30	2.10	9.25
McClintock....	6.15	*3.32	*7.55	11.50	2.25	*9.40
Rouseville....	6.16	3.35	7 59	12.10	2.30	9.46
Rynd Farm....	*6.20	3.40	*8.04	12.25	2.40	9.55
Tarr Farm.....	6.25	3.45	8 10	12.38	2.55	10 04
Columbia.....	*6.29	3.49	8.14	12.48	3 10	10.11
PET. CENTRE AR	6 34	3.53	8.21	1.05	3.20	10 20
PET. CENTRE DP	6.36	3.59	8.23	1.25	3 30	9.35
Pioneer.....	6.42	4.06	8.30	1.45	3.45	9 33
Shaffer.....	*6 52	*4.13	*8.40	2.00	4 11	9.45
Miller Farm....	6.56	4.20	8.44	2.15	4.45	9.50
TITUSV'LLE AR	7.15	4.40	9.00	2.50	5.25	11.20
TITUSV'LLE DP	7.35	4.45	9.10	3.00	.....	11.30
Hydetown.....	7.44	4.55	9.20	3.25	.....	11.43
Tryonville....	7.57	5 08	*9.34	3.50	.....	12.03
Centreville....	8.05	5.17	*9.43	4.10	.....	12.13
Glyndon.....	*8 14	*5.27	*9.53	4.30	.....	12.20
Spartansburg..	8.24	5.38	10.02	4.50	.....	12.31
CORRY.....	8.55	6.10	10.32	5.50	.....	12 55
	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.